

Greenhouse Gas Inventory Report 2023

Our Mission:

To provide innovation, clean and efficient energy solutions for a better tomorrow

For the period: 1 January 2023, to 31 December 2023

Scope: Delta Electronics (Thailand) PCL

Delta Electronics India Private Limited

Delta Electronics (Slovakia), s.r.o.



2023 Summary of greenhouse gases emission

Type of Emissions (Tones CO2e)	Delta Thailand	Delta India*	Delta Slovakia
Total GHG Emission	190,598.11	25,282.97	5,281.83
Direct (Scope 1) Emissions:	2,030.08	535.08	89.14
Indirect (Scope 2) Emissions:	44,265.44	320.85	2,105.06
Indirect (Scope 3) Emissions:	144,302.58	24,427.04	3,087.63

The methodology described in the Greenhouse Gas Protocol and ISO14064-1:2018. These emissions have then been classified into 3 categories. The definition of each has been adapted from the Greenhouse Gas Protocol; the 3 types of emissions are:

- Direct Emissions (Scope 1): from sources that are owned or controlled by Delta
- Indirect Emissions (Scope 2): from generation of purchased electricity consumed
- Indirect Emissions (Scope 3): related to transport, products and services used

^{*}Delta India covers only Gurgaon and Rudrapur site.



Greenhouse Gas Inventory Report

Our Mission:

To provide innovative, clean and efficient energy solutions for a better tomorrow

For the period: January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023

Published in: March, 2024 by Delta Electronics (Thailand) PCL.

Reported by: Mr. Saroj Ruangsakulraj



Introduction

The global financial crisis is causing massive economic upheaval, but with the world's governments working together, recovery is now in sight. Yet the threat posed by global warming still requires a major breakthrough in international negotiations and a change in modern lifestyles to slow the rate of warming and avert an ecological catastrophe.

With our corporate mission of "To provide innovative, clean and efficient energy solutions for a better tomorrow", DET strive to do our utmost to help slow global warming and reduce our environmental impact and also believe in fulfilling Delta's CSR goals through sound corporate governance, balancing stakeholder interests and social participation.

Responding to climate change is not only a corporation's social responsibility. How to respond to the threat it poses; and take advantage of the opportunities it offers; is something that businesses must look at seriously in their corporate strategies.

Carbon emissions reporting becoming an important topic, there is an increasing move towards greenhouse emissions reporting and disclosure. DET is looking towards best practice in the area of sustainability reporting. Sometimes the information is included in Annual Reports or in annual Sustainability and Corporate Responsibility reports. The format and composition of the information varies widely.

Greenhouse Gas report illustrates for a typical company the strategy, targets, performance, and benchmarking of how the company is working to reduce its impact on and adapt to climate change. Clearly, in order to produce reliable information for such reporting, and to monitor emissions performance and management actions to achieve reductions during the year, companies will need to consider carefully processes, systems, controls and internal reporting requirements.



Contents

1.	Company Profile	4
2.	GHG Management	5 - 7
	2.1 Guideline of this report	5
	2.2 Report Principle and Criteria	5
	2.3 Base Year	5
	2.4 Organizational and Operational Boundaries	5
	2.5 GHG Organization & Responsibility	6
	2.6 Management Review	7
	2.7 Verification of GHG Inventory Report	7
3.	Primary Statement of Greenhouse Gas Inventory	8 - 14
	3.1 Greenhouse Gas Emissions Sources	8
	3.2 Greenhouse Gas Emissions Exclusions	9
	3.3 Summary of Greenhouse Gas Emissions	10
	3.4 Data Collection Quantification of Methodologies	12
	3.5 References for Emission Factors	13
	3.6 Uncertainty Management	14
	3.7 Compare GHG with base year	15
4.	Future Opportunity	16
	4.1 Performance Overview and Monitoring	16
	4.2 Greenhouse Gas Reduction and Removal	16



1. Company Profile

Delta Electronics (Thailand) Public Company Limited (hereafter DET) was established in 1988. DET is the world's leading manufacturers and distributors; design and development of: Power Conversion Products (such as Switching Power Supply, Adaptor & Charger, AC-DC / DC-DC converter, Telecommunication / Server Power Supply); Magnetic products (such as Transformer, Line Filter, Coil); Electronic control units / Vision system for Automotive; EMI Filter; Cooling Fan; MTS (Molding, Tooling and Stamping); Solenoid product; PWB Assembly and Transformer. Its operation has now covered several regions i.e. Europe, Middle East, South America and Asia with a total consolidated sales turnover of approximate USD 1 billion.



Delta Electronics (Thailand) Public Company Limited had approximately 20,799 workers during the 2023-year in its Bangpoo Plant 1 & 3 & 5 & WHC3, Wellgrow Plant 6 &7 and Delta Green Industrial Thailand Company Limited.

Plant	Location	No. of Employee
DET Plant 1 & 3 & 5 & WHC3	Bangpoo	15,635
DET Plant 6 & 7	Wellgrow	5,129
DGIT	Bangkok	35
Total		20,851



2. GHG Management

2.1 Guideline of the report

This emissions inventory report has been prepared and written in accordance with the principles set out by the International Standards Organization (ISO) for the quantification and reporting of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Removals (ISO14064-1).

2.2 Report Principle and Criteria

According to the report complete, consistent, accurate, relevant and transparent information complied principles.

2.3 Base Year

Setting and Adjustment the base year

Set the base year

Base-year Greenhouse Gas Inventory is annually thereafter, DET shall report the inventory of the preceding calendar year. In 2014, DET had built up several areas which consume high amount of electricity. So, DET has chosen the set base year for this report, which spans from January 1st, 2014 to December 31st, 2014, in the following manner:

- GHG Scope 1 (tCO₂e) : 823.56 - GHG Scope 2 (tCO₂e) – Location based : 37,662.19 - Total GHG Scope1 and 2 (tCO₂e) – Location based : 38,486

Adjust the base year

Amendments to the base year by the implementation team by adjustment the internal and external situation, and report to Top management for approval.

Recalculation of the base year's emission

The base year emissions recalculation base-year inventory in the following cases should be re-calculated emissions for more than 5% significance threshold totally:

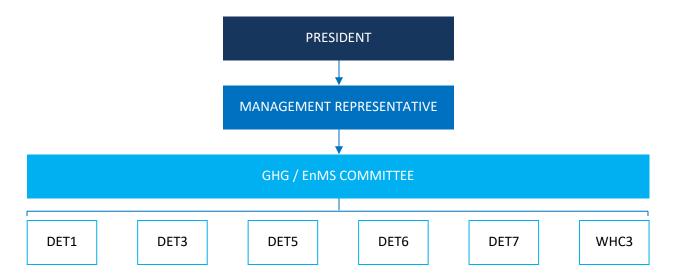
- When the operation of boundary changes;
- When the source of equity stakeholders / transfer;
- · When a change in calculation method.

2.4 Organizational and Operational Boundaries

The company used the operational control-based approach to defining organizational boundaries. Due to the control prescribed nature of the core company, the application of either the control or equity approach is likely to have the same effect. The activity data is gathered from Delta factories in Thailand. The organizational boundary of Delta Electronics (Thailand) PCL is defined by the purposes of the greenhouse gas (GHG) inventory include core business activities only.



2.5 GHG Organization and Responsibility



Responsibility:

Executive Management Team (Management Representative & GHG / EnMS Committee)

DET's Executive Management Team shall review and ultimately approve DET's annual GHG inventory and Carbon Footprint Report / Strategy. Members of the Executive Management Team will also be responsible for the communication of the Report / Strategy at their plant through meetings and discussions where necessary.

Plant Manager

DET's Plant Manager shall oversee the development of DET's annual GHG inventory and Carbon Footprint Report / Strategy. They shall review DET's annual GHG inventory and Carbon Footprint Report / Strategy, and assume ultimate responsibility for the achievement of targets set.

Concern Department Manager

DET's Manager shall oversee the day-to-day development of DET's annual GHG inventory. They will develop and manage the projects annual communications strategy, arrange documentation to communicate inventory and strategy, arrange and coordinate the project's annual external verification and assurance process.

The Manager shall also provide support to the EMR in the development of DET's annual GHG inventory.

EMR and Plant Representative

DET's EMR, together with members of the Plant Representative Team will gather data from facilities, finance and related dept; and develop an annual GHG inventory with Management Representative. They shall also work cooperatively with external verification and assurance team to allow smooth implementation of process.

DET's Plant Representative shall assist in the provision of data wherever applicable. The team shall ensure the collection of data for annual inclusion in DET's GHG inventory.



2.6 Management Review

As the new base year was set as 2014 for DET reported detailed greenhouse gas emissions, Management Representatives or his assignee shall review and approve Greenhouse Gas Inventory Report. On an annual basis, it shall be reviewed the relevance of DET's performance and the effectiveness of existing monitoring / measurement systems to provide accurate, complete and timely information sets to management team. The latest management review was held in February 1, 2023.

2.7 Verification of Greenhouse Gas Inventory Report

This Greenhouse gas Emissions report has been verified by SGS auditor. A positive assurance report has been given over the assertions and quantifications included in this report.



3. Primary Statement of GHG Inventory

3.1 Greenhouse Gas Emissions Sources

Emissions sources were identified with reference to the methodology described in the Greenhouse Gas Protocol and ISO14064-1:2018. Emissions sources Identification was achieved using specific guidance on Scope 3 factors included in ISO14064-1 Annex B and in the Greenhouse Gas Protocol (WBCSD).

These emissions have then been classified into 3 categories. The definition of each has been adapted from the Greenhouse Gas Protocol; the 3 types of emissions are:

- Direct Emissions (Scope 1 Category 1): from sources that are owned or controlled by DET and DGIT
- Indirect Emissions (Scope 2 Category 2): from generation of purchased electricity consumed by DET and DGIT
- Indirect Emissions (Scope 3 Category 3, 4, 5 and 6): Emissions that occur as a consequence of the activities of DET, but occur from sources not owned or controlled by DET and DGIT. Inclusions of these are determined on DET's aims of the program.



Actual Emissions

Scope **Emission Sources** Scope 1 Category 1: Direct GHG Emission 1.1 Stationary Combustion - Generator and Fire Pump (Diesel) 1.2 Mobile Combustion - Forklift and Truck (Diesel) - Company Car (Gasoline) / Company Van (Diesel) - Transportation for Sale Activities (Gasoline) 1.3 Direct process emissions from industrial processes - Injection LPG Cylinder - Welding LPG Cylinder 1.4 Direct fugitive emissions arise from the release of GHG in anthropogenic systems - Septic Tank (CH₄) - Fire Extinguisher (CO₂ type & HFC227ea / FM200 type & FK-5-1-12/Novec1230 type) - Cooling System (HFC134a/R134a & HFC404/R404a & HFC23/R23 & HFC410A/R410A & HFC407c/R407c & HFO514A/R514A) - Air Compressor System (HFC407C/R407C) - Water Drinking Dispenser (HFC134a/R134a) - Circuit Breaker (SF₆) Scope 2 Category 2: Indirect GHG Emission from purchased electricity 2.1 Electricity purchased from other organization 2.2 Electricity from renewable energy sources purchased from other organization (Unbundled Energy Attribute Certificates (REC), Green Electricity Products, Directly Procured from RE Generators (PPA)) used in: - Delta Electronics (Thailand) PCL. (Plant 1) - Delta Electronics (Thailand) PCL. (Plant 3) - Delta Electronics (Thailand) PCL. (Plant 5) - Delta Electronics (Thailand) PCL. (Plant 6) - Delta Electronics (Thailand) PCL. (Plant 7) - Delta Electronics (Thailand) PCL. (WHC3) - Delta Green Industrial (Thailand) CO., LTD. Scope 3 Category 3: Indirect GHG Emission from transportation 3.1 Transportation of Raw material (Ocean and Air Freight only) 3.2 Transportation of Finished Goods (Ocean and Air Freight only) 3.3 Transportation of Business trip by Air Freight 3.4 Transportation of Bus/Van for Employee 3.5 Emission from transportation that are not described in the above subcategories (Transportation of Food & Waste Management Entrepreneur, Ambulance) Category 4: Indirect GHG Emission from product used by organization

4.1 Canteen (Liquefied Petroleum Gas)

4.2 Industrial and Normal Waste (from Production / Garbage)



Actual Emissions

Scope	Emission Sources
Scope 3	Category 5: Indirect GHG Emission associated with the use of products from the organization
	5.1 Emissions or removals from the use stage of the product
	5.2 Emission from downstream leased assets
	5.3 Emissions from end of life stage of the product
	5.4 Emission from investments
	Category 6: Indirect GHG Emission from other sources

Remark:

- No biomass is used in DET operations and therefore no emissions from the combustion of biomass are included.
- No generated electricity from fuel combustion, heat or stream is used in DET operations and therefore no emissions from these sources are included.

3.2 Greenhouse Gas Emissions Inclusions & Exclusions

Scope of	Emissions	Emission Sources
	Inclusions:	Category 3: Indirect GHG Emission from transportation 3.1 Transportation of Raw material (Ocean and Air Freight only) 3.2 Transportation of Finished Goods (Ocean and Air Freight only) 3.3 Transportation of Business travel
		Category 3: Indirect GHG Emission from transportation 3.4 Transportation of Bus/Van for Employee
		3.5 Emission from transportation that are not described in the above subcategories (Transportation of Food & Waste Management Entrepreneur, Ambulance)
Scope 3		Category 4: Indirect GHG Emission from product used by organization
Ocope 5		4.1 Canteen (Liquefied Petroleum Gas)
	Exclusions:	4.2 Industrial and Normal Waste (from Production / Garbage)
	Exclusions.	Category 5: Indirect GHG Emission associated with the use of products from the organization
		5.1 Emissions or removals from the use stage of the product
		5.2 Emission from downstream leased assets
		5.3 Emissions from end of life stage of the product
		5.4 Emission from investments
		Category 6: Indirect GHG Emission from other sources

Indirect Emissions (Scope 3)

The emissions are occurred as a consequence of the activities of DET, but occur from sources not owned or controlled by DET; therefore some Indirect Emissions (Scope 3) have been ignored.



3.3 Summary of Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Type of Emissions (Tones CO2e*)	Plant 1	Plant 3	Plant 5	Plant 6	Plant 7	WHC3	DGIT	2023 Performance
Direct (Scope 1) Emissions: Category 1: Direct GHG Emission								
1.1 Stationary Combustion								
- Generator (Diesel)	0	0.28	0.54	0.46	0.41	0.61	0	2.29
- Fire Pump (Diesel)	0	2.37	1.03	0.22	0	0.01	0	3.62
1.2 Mobile Combustion	v	2.01	1.00	0.22		v		0.02
- Forklift and Truck (Diesel)	98.07	10.40	33.13	30.34	8.02	0	0	179.97
- Company Car (Gasoline)	0	0	12.69	0	0	0	0	12.69
- Company Van (Diesel)	0	0	27.84	0	0	0	0	27.84
- Transportation for Sale Activities	0	0	0	0	0	0	76.20	76.20
1.3 Direct process emissions from industrial processes								
- Injection LPG Cylinder	0	0	0	0	0.37	0	0	0.37
- Welding LPG Cylinder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1.4 Direct fugitive emissions arise from the release of GHG in anthropogenic systems								
- Septic Tank (CH ₄)	129.34	184.86	276.68	70.78	165.06	25.51	0	852.24
- Fire Extinguisher (CO ₂ type)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Fire Extinguisher (HFC227ea / FM200 type)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Fire Extinguisher (FK-5-12 / Novec1230 type)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Cooling System (HFC134a / R134a)	0	0	596.70	0	0	183.60	0	780.30
- Cooling System (HFC404a / R404a)	0	0	94.56	0	0	0	0	94.56
- Cooling System (HFC23 / R23)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Cooling System (HFC410a / R410a)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Cooling System (HFC407c / R407c)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Cooling System (HFC514a / R514a)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



Type of Emissions (Tones CO2e*)	Plant 1	Plant 3	Plant 5	Plant 6	Plant 7	WHC3	DGIT	2023 Performance
Direct (Scope 1) Emissions: Category 1: Direct GHG Emission								
- Air Compressor System (HFC407c / R407c)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Water Drinking Dispenser (HFC143a / R134a)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
- Circuit Breaker (SF6)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct (Scope 1) Emissions	227.41	197.91	1,043.17	101.80	173.86	209.72	76.20	2,030.08
Indirect (Scope 2) Emissions: Category 2: Indirect GHG Emission from purchased electricity								
2.1 All purchased electricity in owned buildings.	12,610.44	6,846.99	24,214.92	5,942.86	17,462.45	3,899.31	14.13	70,991.10
2.2 Unbundled Energy Attribute Certificates (53,462 RECs)	3,971.21	3,378.32	10,572.89	2,421.52	5,384.92	996.80	0	26,725.66
Total Indirect (Scope 2 – Location based) Emissions	12,610.44	6,846.99	24,214.92	5,942.86	17,462.45	3,899.31	14.13	70,991.10
Total Indirect (Scope 2 – Market based) Emissions	8,639.24	3,468.67	13,642.03	3,521.34	12,077.52	2,902.51	14.13	44,265.44
Total Gross Controlled Emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2) – Location based	12,837.87	7,044.91	25,260.45	6,035.79	17,642.45	4,109.04	90.43	73,020.92
Total Gross Controlled Emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2) – Market based	8,866.66	3,666.58	14,687.56	3,614.27	12,257.52	3,112.24	90.43	46,295.27
Indirect (Scope 3) Emissions: Category 3: Indirect GHG Emission from transportation								
3.1 Transportation of Raw material (Ocean and Air Freight only)								19,462.76
3.2 Transportation of Finished Goods (Ocean and Air Freight only)								123,948.36
3.3 Transportation of Business trip by Air Freight			868.30				23.16	891.46
Total Indirect (Scope 3) Emissions								144,302.58
Total Gross Controlled Emissions (Scope 1 - Scope 3) – Location based								217,323.76
Total Gross Controlled Emissions (Scope 1 - Scope 3) – Market based								190,598.11

^{*}Data expressed in carbon dioxide equivalent units.



Quantity of Greenhouse Gas separated by type of emissions

Area		CO ₂	CH ₄ *	N ₂ O*	HFCs*	PFCs*	SF ₆ *	Ton. CO ₂ -e
Scope 1	Total	289.19	853.67	12.36	874.86	0	0	2,030.08
Category 1: Direct GHG Emission	Plant 1	91.92	129.48	6.01	0	0	0	
	Plant 3	12.64	184.88	0.39	0	0	0	
	Plant 5	73.96	276.92	1.02	691.26	0	0	
	Plant 6	27.90	70.83	3.07	0	0	0	
	Plant 7	7.86	165.08	0.92	0	0	0	
	WHC3	0.61	25.51	0.00	183.60	0	0	
	DGiT	74.30	0.96	0.94	0	0	0	
Scope 2 (Location based)	Total	70,991.10	0	0	0	0	0	70,991.10
Category 2: Indirect GHG Emission from purchased	Plant 1	12,610.44	0	0	0	0	0	
electricity	Plant 3	6,846.99	0	0	0	0	0	
	Plant 5	24,214.92	0	0	0	0	0	
	Plant 6	5,942.86	0	0	0	0	0	
	Plant 7	17,462.45	0	0	0	0	0	
	WHC3	3,899.31	0	0	0	0	0	
	DGiT	14.13	0	0	0	0	0	
Scope 2 (Market based) Category 2: Indirect GHG	Total	44,265.44	0	0	0	0	0	44,265.44
Emission from purchased	Plant 1	8,639.24	0	0	0	0	0	
electricity	Plant 3	3,468.67	0	0	0	0	0	
	Plant 5	13,642.03	0	0	0	0	0	
	Plant 6	3,521.34	0	0	0	0	0	
	Plant 7	12,077.52	0	0	0	0	0	
	WHC3	2,902.51	0	0	0	0	0	
	DGiT	14.13	0	0	0	0	0	
Scope 3	Total	144,302.58						144,302.58
Category 3: Indirect GHG Emission from transportation	DET	144,279.42	0	0	0	0	0	
	DGIT	23.16						
Total Gross Controlled Emissic (Location based)	ons	215,582.87	853.67	12.36	874.86	0	0	217,323.76
Total Gross Controlled Emissic (Market based)	ons	188,857.22	853.67	12.36	874.86	0	0	190,598.11

Note: Greenhouse Gas Emissions Rate follows Global Warming Potential from IPPC GWP2021 AR6



3.4 Data Collection Quantification of Methodologies

The next table is shown the details of the sources, the relevant data, and the emission factors, which have been used. All factors have been approved by DET. The amount of CO_2e has been calculated by multiplying the activity data sources by DET by the relevant emission factors. As this is the first year that DET has produced these figures, there are no changes in methodology to report.

Emission or Removal Sources	Data Unit	Emission Factors [kgGHG / unit]	Global Warming Potential [GWP100]	Factor Sources
Electricity - Location-based: Local grid mix - Market-based: (Local grid mix - Unbundle Energy Attribute Certificates (REC))	kWh	$CO_2e = 0.4999$	CO ₂ e = 1.00	TGO Database updated April, 2022 with reference Thai National LCI Database, TIISMTEC-NSTDA, AR5 (with TGO electricity 2016-2018)
Diesel (Stationery Combustion)	Liter	$CO_2 = 2.70$ $CH_4 = 0.000109$ $N_2O = 0.0000219$ $CO_2e = 2.7078$	$CO_2 = 1.00$ $CH_{4-fossil combustion} = 27.0$ $N_2O = 273$ $CO_2e = 1.00$	(
Diesel (Mobile Combustion - On road)	Liter	CO ₂ e - 2.7076 CO ₂ = 2.70 CH ₄ = 0.000142 N ₂ O = 0.000142 CO ₂ e = 2.7406	$CO_2e = 1.00$ $CO_2 = 1.00$ $CH_{4-fossil combustion} = 27.0$ $N_2O = 273$ $CO_2e = 1.00$	Emission Factor:
Diesel (Mobile Combustion - Off road-Industry)	Liter	CO ₂ e = 2.7400 CO ₂ = 2.18 CH ₄ = 0.000151 N ₂ O = 0.00104 CO ₂ e = 2.9793	$CO_2 = 1.00$ $CO_2 = 1.00$ $CH_{4-fossil combustion} = 27.0$ $N_2O = 273$ $CO_2e = 1.00$	 TGO Database updated April, 2022 with reference to IPCC Vol.2 table 2.2, 3.2.1, 3.2.2, DEDE, AR5
Gasoline (Mobile Combustion)	Liter	CO ₂ = 2.18 CH ₄ = 0.00104 N ₂ O = 0.000101 CO ₂ e = 2.2394	$CO_2 = 1.00$ $CH_{4-fossil combustion} = 27.0$ $N_2O = 273$ $CO_2e = 1.00$	 GWP IPCC, 2021, AR6 Climate Change 2022 Mitigation of Climate Change Annex II, Table 9 GWP100 values
LPG (Stationery Combustion)	kg	$CO_2 = 3.11$ $CH_4 = 0.0000493$ $N_2O = 0.00000493$ $CO_2e = 3.1134$	$CO_2 = 1.00$ $CH_{4-fossil combustion} = 27.0$ $N_2O = 273$ $CO_2e = 1.00$	 and atmospheric lifetimes for a range o GHGs
LPG (Mobile Combustion)	kg	$CO_2 = 3.11$ $CH_4 = 0.00306$ $N_2O = 0.00000986$ $CO_2e = 3.2049$	$CO_2 = 1.00$ $CH_{4-fossil combustion} = 27.0$ $N_2O = 273$ $CO_2e = 1.00$	-
Truck 10 wheels / B5 / 16 tons (0% load)	km	$CO_2e = 0.6053$	CO ₂ e = 1.00	
Truck 10 wheels / B5 / 16 tons (100% load)	Ton-km	$CO_2e = 0.0489$	$CO_2e = 1.00$	TGO Database updated July, 2022 with
Truck 6 wheels / B5 / 11 tons (0% load)	km	CO ₂ e = 0.4923	$CO_2e = 1.00$	reference Thai National LCI Database,TIIS
Truck 6 wheels / B5 / 11 tons (100% load)	Ton-km	CO ₂ e = 0.0613	$CO_2e = 1.00$	MTEC-NSTDA (with TGO electricity 2016 2018)
Pick-up 4 wheels / 7 tons (0% load)	km	CO ₂ e = 0.3131	$CO_2e = 1.00$	2010)
Pick-up 4 wheels / 7 tons (100% load)	Ton-km	CO ₂ e = 0.1411	$CO_2e = 1.00$	
Ship Container	Ton-km	CO ₂ e = 0.0107	CO ₂ e = 1.00	TGO Database updated July, 2022 with reference Ecoinvent 2.2, IPCC 2007 GWI 100a
Air Freight (Outbound)	Ton-km	CO ₂ e = 0.53867	CO ₂ e = 1.00	GOV.UK Greenhouse gas reporting Conversion factors 2022 condensed set (fo most users)
Sea (In Land)	Ton-km	CO ₂ e = 0.0107	CO ₂ e = 1.00	TGO Database updated July, 2022 with reference Thai National LCI Database, TIIS- MTEC-NSTDA (with TGO electricity 2016- 2018)
Refrigerant (HCFC22 or R22) Refrigerant (HFC134a or R134a) Refrigerant (HFC404a or R404a) Refrigerant (HFC33 or R23) Refrigerant (HFC407c or R407c) Refrigerant (HFC410a or R410a) Refrigerant (HFC32 or R32) Refrigerant (HFO514 or R514) Fire Extinguisher (HFC227ea or FM200)	kg	CO ₂ e = 1.00	HCFC22 = 1,960 HFC134a = 1,530 HFC404a = 4,728 HFC23 = 14,600 HFC407c = 1,908 HFC410a = 2,256 HFC32 = 771 HFO514 = 2 HFC227 = 3,600	IPCC, 2021, AR6 Chapter 7 Supplementary Material - 7.SM.6 - Tables of GHG Lifetimes, Radiative Efficiencies and Metrics.
Circuit Breaker (SF ₆)	kg	$CO_2e = 1.00$	SF ₆ = 24,300	
Waste (Paper)	kg	CO ₂ e = 2.93	CO ₂ e = 1.00	CFP Guideline; 3 rd Edition
Waste Water (Industrial)	m ³	CO ₂ e = 0	CO ₂ e = 1.00	IPCC Volume 5 : Wastewater Treatment and
Waste Water (Domestic)	m³	CO ₂ e = 1.00	CH _{4-fugitive} = 29.8	Discharge IPCC, 2021, AR6 Climate Change 2022 Mitigation of Climate Change Annex II, Table 9 GWP100 value and atmospheric lifetimes for a range of GHGs



3.5 References for Emission Factors

CO₂ Emission Factor Sourced from: Thailand National Data Base

CO₂ Emission Factor Sourced from: Electricity Generating Authority of Thailand (EGAT) 2011

CO₂ Emission Factor Sourced from: GOV.UK - Greenhouse gas reporting:

conversion factors 2022 condensed set (for most users)

• ISO14064-1 GHG Part 1: Specification for Quantification, Monitoring and

Reporting of Entity Emissions and Removal

Google Map (http://map.google.co.th/maps?hl=th&tab=wl)

ISO14040 Environmental Management – Life Cycle Assessment – Principles and Framework

• ISO14044 Environmental Management – Life Cycle Assessment – Requirements and Guidelines

Carbon Footprint Product Guideline (TGO) – February 2020

Carbon Footprint Organization Guideline (TGO) – April 2020

Carbon Footprint Organization Guideline (TGO) – April 2021

AA1000: A Standard for Ethical Performance

PAS2050: Assessing the Life Cycle Greenhouse Gas Emissions of

Goods & Services

• ISO26000: Guidance on Social Responsibility

• IPCC Volume 5: Wastewater Treatment and Discharge

The Global Warming Potential (GWP)

Sourced from:

IPCC AR6 (Sixth Assessment Report) Climate

change 2021 The Physical Science Basis

IPCC AR6 (Sixth Assessment Report) Climate Change

2022 Mitigation of Climate Change

http://www.searates.com/reference/portdistance

http://www.timeanddate.com/

https://www.prokerala.com/travel/airports/distance/

http://ports.com/sea-route



3.6 Uncertainty Management

This Greenhouse Gas Inventory report has been assessed and evaluated the uncertainty rating. The rating is 24 points which focus on Electricity consumption (98% of Greenhouse Gas Inventory). The rating is 18 points which focus on Transportation system (Company's car and van). The rating is 16 points which focus on Septic Tank (Domestic Wastewater). The rating is 12 points which focus on Fire Fighting System, Diesel used in Electricity Backup System, Refrigerant, LPG used in Welding & Injection Process and Transportation for Sale Activities which has been shown the activity data is moderated data quality which comes from the regular measurement eq. Meter Reading, Purchase Order, etc.; and Emission factors is uncertainty of data quality which comes from Manufacturer to provide coefficient. And the rating is 6 points which focus on Transportation system (Forklift).

Explanation: Greenhouse Gas Inventory and the estimated operation itself on the scientific uncertainty, to achieve the purpose of continuous improvement of data quality, therefore, uncertainty is evaluated. IPCC uncertainty is used in more complex calculation. DET adapts Delta Group Guideline for the model of uncertainty which provided by the way of class distinction specify below.

The uncertainty of inventory operations can be divided into model uncertainty and parameter uncertainty. Since the pattern is more complex uncertainty, therefore, not be included in this assessment of the range of uncertainty. Parameter uncertainty refers to the uncertainty of quantitative parameters. Activity data and Emission factors include the uncertainty of activity data differentiate the following 3 levels:

- Automatic Continuous Measurement
- Regular Measurement (Meter reading, Purchase order)
- Own Estimation

Note: Order of score is 6-1; the higher score the better the response data, the lower score the uncertainty; will Emission Factors in 6 categories:

- Measurement / Material and Energy balance coefficient
- Manufacturer to provide coefficient
- Regional Emission Factors
- National Emission Factors
- International Emission Factors

Value Type	Data Quality Level							
	X=6-5 Points	Y=4-3 Points	Z=2-1 Points					
Activity Data	Automatic Continuous Measurement	Regular Measurement (Meter Reading, Purchase Order)	Own Estimation					
	A=6-5 Points	B=4-3 Points	C=2-1 Points					
Emission Factors	- From Measurement / Quality Factor - Manufacturer to provide coefficient	- Regional Emission Factors - National Emission Factors	International Emission Factors					

The qualitative analysis of uncertainty assessment method adopted, in the following table will be divided into 6 overall data quality as the following table:

Rating	Overall Level of Scoring Data	Explanation
First Class	1 - 9	High uncertainty, Data quality is very poor.
Second Class	10 - 18	Uncertainty, Moderate data quality.
Third Class	19 - 27	Slightly uncertainty, Data quality is good.
Fourth Class	28 - 36	Uncertainty is very low, Excellent data quality.



3.7 Compare GHG with Base year

DET use electricity as a main power and fuel to operate our business. These are non-renewable energy sources and lead to GHG emissions in Scope 1 and 2.

At our Thailand's sites, DET has set the target to reduce Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions 56.6% per MUSD output value by 2025 from a 2014 base year. The latest statistics shows that the direct emissions (Scope 1 - Category 1) of 2023 were 2,030 tonsCO₂e, indirect emissions (Scope 2 - Category 2) were 70,991 tons CO₂e for location-based and 44,265 tonsCO₂e for market-based and other indirect emissions (Scope 3 - Category 3, 4, 5 and 6) were 144,303 tonsCO₂e separately, that mean the GHG intensity (Thailand's sites) of 2022 (scope1 and 2) was 19.87 tonsCO₂e/MUSD for location-based and 16.80 tonsCO₂e/MUSD for market-based. This represents a 51% and 58% reduction for location-based and market-based emissions, respectively, from our base year of 2014, and a 11% and 25% decrease, respectively, from 2022.

For GHG scope3, major global distribution centers cooperate with logistics providers to implement transportation cost optimization, consolidated delivery, full-truck load, packaging design, container packaging and selection of optimal delivery routes. Since Delta attained ISO/IEC 27001 Information Security Management System (ISMS), we encourage our suppliers to utilized e-invoice and e-document as much as possible to save natural resource and mitigate greenhouse gas from distance transportation.

To respond to the circumstances of climate change and align with the target 56.6% of decreasing Scope 1 and 2 GHG emission intensity by 2025. DET has been participating and registering in T-VER since 2014. There are total 8 projects had been registered in T-VER and it is proximately accredited 5,600 tonsCO₂e carbon credits that had been reduced from those projects. In additional, Delta group (Delta Electronics, Inc., its subsidiaries including Delta Electronics (Thailand) PCL.) have joined the RE100, a global initiative bringing together the world's most influential businesses committed to 100% renewable electricity which DET has set the target 35% of increasing renewable energy intensity by 2025 compared with base year 2020.



4. Future Opportunity

4.1 Performance Overview and Monitoring

DET shall review the future targets and ensure the remain appropriate for the business and industry, therefore continuous to drive DET's performances and associated management reward by planning, implementing and documenting the actions; to monitor Greenhouse Gas Inventory through the meeting to maintain GHG information management quality and; to reduce or prevent Greenhouse Gas Emissions which is apart of Energy Saving project.

The target information is base on estimates and assumptions that are subject to significant inherent uncertainties, which may be difficult to predict and may be beyond control. As with most forward looking information, there can be no assurance that targets will be realized.

4.2 Greenhouse Gas Reduction and Removal

DET will have a management plan in place for managing and reducing emissions by early 2014 with the aim to be carbon emissions reduction by the end of 2025. DET reflects to the Energy Saving Action Plan to reduce the scope 1 and scope 2 by 56.6% per million USD output value (a measurement of product sale price x production quantity) based on 2014 actual by 2025.



5. Reference

5.1 Unbundle Energy Attribute Certificates (REC)



This Redemption Statement has been produced for

DELTA ELECTRONICS THAILAND PCL. PLANT 1

by

INNOPOWER COMPANY LIMITED

confirming the Redemption of

600.000000

I-REC Certificates, representing 600.000000 MWh of electricity generated from renewable sources

This Statement relates to electricity consumption located at or in

714 Soi ES, Moo4, Bangpoo Industrial Estate (E.P.Z.), Pattana 1 Road, Tambol Phraksa, Amphur muang, Samutprakarn 10280 Thailand

in respect of the reporting period

2023-01-01 to 2023-03-31

The stated Redemption Purpose is

Green House Gas Protocol Scope 2 Reporting

Ev.



QK_CODE VERTICATION

fly the status of this Redemption Statement by scanning the QR code on the left and
entering in the Verification Key below

Verification Key

Verification Key

1 2 2 7 8 0 0 2

https://api.evident.app/public/certificates/en/ 4zCz68Bm%28pbHcOXspnZZn3L23HcHhpG8AssXBf3qGCguJ8HhKHKjqSHN9YNZiZj4



This Redemption Statement has been produced for

DELTA ELECTRONICS THAILAND PCL. PLANT 3

by

INNOPOWER COMPANY LIMITED

confirming the Redemption of

375.000000

I-REC Certificates, representing 375.000000 MWh of electricity generated from renewable sources

This Statement relates to electricity consumption located at or in

699, 701 Soi E9, Moo4, Bangpoo Industrial Estate (E.P.Z.), Pattana 1 Road, Tambol Phraksa, Amphur muang, Samutprakarn 10280

in respect of the reporting period

2023-01-01 to 2023-03-31

The stated Redemption Purpose is

Green House Gas Protocol Scope 2 Reporting

Ev.



QR Code Verification
Verify the status of this Redemption Statement by scanning the QR code on the left and
entering in the Verification Key below
Verification Key

3 0 4 7 4 4 8 9 https://api.evident.app/public/certifice

https://api.evident.app/public/certificates/en/ Tbr%2Big7dLyjcTsCYmfZKrB3PpNECAvnyKeeMmD7D0%2FfeV5tkORz7C%2F2%2BarUaob1





This Redemption Statement has been produced for

DELTA ELECTRONICS THAILAND PCL. PLANT 5

INNOPOWER COMPANY LIMITED

confirming the Redemption of

1 275.000000

I-REC Certificates, representing 1 275.000000 MWh of electricity generated from renewable sources

This Statement relates to electricity consumption located at or in 909 Soi 9, Moo4, Bangpoo Industrial Estate (E.P.Z.), Pattana 1 Road, Tambol Phraksa, Amphur muang, Samutprakarn 10280 Thailand

in respect of the reporting period

2023-01-01 to 2023-03-31

The stated Redemption Purpose is

Green House Gas Protocol Scope 2 Reporting

Ev.



iption Statement by scanning in the Verification Key
Verification Key
1 6 3 1 1 3 9 6

THE INTERNATIONAL REC STANDARD

This Redemption Statement has been produced for

DELTA ELECTRONICS THAILAND PCL. PLANT 7

INNOPOWER COMPANY LIMITED

confirming the Redemption of

I-REC Certificates, representing 825.000000 MWh of electricity generated from renewable sources

This Statement relates to electricity consumption located at or in

111/6 Moo 9, Wellgrow Industrial Estate, Bangna-Trad Road, Tambol Bangwua, Amphur Bangpakong, Chachoengsao 24180 Thailand

in respect of the reporting period

2023-01-01 to 2023-03-31

The stated Redemption Purpose is

Green House Gas Protocol Scope 2 Reporting

Ev.



emption Statement by scanning tering in the Verification Key be Verification Key 2 1 1 1 7 2 7 1



This Redemption Statement has been produced for

DELTA ELECTRONICS THAILAND PCL. PLANT 6

INNOPOWER COMPANY LIMITED

confirming the Redemption of

375,000000

I-REC Certificates, representing 375.000000 MWh of electricity generated from renewable sources

This Statement relates to electricity consumption located at or in

111 Moo 9, Wellgrow Industrial Estate, Bangna-Trad Road, Tambol Bangwua, Amphur Bangpakong. Chachoengsao 24180 Thailand

in respect of the reporting period

2023-01-01 to 2023-03-31

The stated Redemption Purpose is

Green House Gas Protocol Scope 2 Reporting

Ev.





This Redemption Statement has been produced for

DELTA ELECTRONICS THAILAND PCL. WHC 1

INNOPOWER COMPANY LIMITED

confirming the Redemption of

75.000000

I-REC Certificates, representing 75.000000 MWh of electricity generated from renewable sources

This Statement relates to electricity consumption located at or in

712 Soi E9, Moo4, Bangpoo Industrial Estate (E.P.Z.), Pattana 1 Road, Tambol Phraksa, Amphur muang, Samutprakarn 10280 Thailand

in respect of the reporting period

2023-01-01 to 2023-03-31

The stated Redemption Purpose is

Green House Gas Protocol Scope 2 Reporting

Ev.







This Redemption Statement has been produced for

DELTA ELECTRONICS THAILAND PCL. WHC 2

INNOPOWER COMPANY LIMITED

confirming the Redemption of

75.000000

1-REC Certificates, representing 75.000000 MWh of electricity generated from renewable sources

This Statement relates to electricity consumption located at or in

651 Moo4, Bangpoo Industrial Estate (E.P.Z.), Pattana 1 Road, Tambol Phraksa, Amphur muang, Samutprakarn 10280 Thailand

in respect of the reporting period

2023-01-01 to 2023-03-31

The stated Redemption Purpose is

Green House Gas Protocol Scope 2 Reporting

Ev.



QR Code Verification
mption Statement by scanning the QR code on the left and
ering in the Yerification key below
Verification Key
5 6 0 6 0 3 7 7
// Arise indem analysisions for the Yerification Key



This Redemption Statement has been produced for

DELTA ELECTRONICS THAILAND PCL. WHC 3

INNOPOWER COMPANY LIMITED

confirming the Redemption of

150.000000

I-REC Certificates, representing 150.000000 MWh of electricity generated from renewable sources

This Statement relates to electricity consumption located at or in

709, 711 Moo4, Bangpoo Industrial Estate (E.P.Z.), Pattana 1 Road, Tambol Phraksa, Amphur muang, Samutprakarn 10280 Thailand

in respect of the reporting period

2023-01-01 to 2023-03-31

The stated Redemption Purpose is

Green House Gas Protocol Scope 2 Reporting

Ev.



QR Code Verification
ledemption Statement by scanning the QR code on the left and
entering in the Verification Key below
Verification Key
3 1 7 2 6 6 2 5
ttps://lapi.enident.app.public/certificates/en/
IDDMKSVobesct11 meg/eh/27-mbpsMBDAyCR2N7SuDE-4I2PF



GHG Emission Report – 2023

(as per ISO 14064-Part 1: 2018)

Report No.: DELTA/INDIA/GHG/2023

Revision No.: 01

Issue Date: 12/05/2024

Total Pages: 29



DELTA ELECTRONICS INDIA PVT LTD

RE100 Locations (GURUGRAM, RUDRAPUR, KG SEZ, KG DTA, Bangalore, Mumbai, Chennai, Ahmedabad)



GHG Emissions Report – 2023

Table Of Content

SI#	Title	Page No
1.0	Preface	04
1.1	Acknowledgement	04
1.2	Limitations	04
1.3	Organization	04
1.4	Responsible Party	04
1.5	Project Team Members	05
2.0	About the Report	05
2.1	Objective of the Report	05
2.2	Intended Use and Intended Users of the Report	06
2.3	Reporting Period	06
2.3.1	Frequency and base year selection	06
2.3.2	Period of validity	06
3.0	Terms and Definitions	06-08
4.0	Declaration Statement by Reporting Organization	08
4.1	Principles	08
4.2	Relevance	08
4.3	Completeness	09
4.4	Consistency	09
4.5	Accuracy	09
4.6	Transparency	09
5.0	Quantification of GHG Emission	09
5.1	The Overall Direct Emissions (Scope 1)	09
5.2	The Overall Indirect Emissions (Scope 2)	09
5.3	The Overall Other Indirect Emissions (Scope 3) other than Imported Energy	09
6.0	Organizational Boundaries	10
6.1	About the Group	10
6.2	About Delta India Region	11
6.3	About the Reporting Organizations	11-13
6.4	About GHG Method	14
6.5	Operational Boundaries	14



GHG Emissions Report – 2023

7.0	Reporting Boundaries						
7.1	Establishing Reporting Boundaries	14					
8.0	GHG Inventory Component	15					
8.1	GHG Sink						
8.2	GHG Emission due to Biomass Combustion	15					
8.3	GHG Emissions and Removals	15					
8.4	Identification of GHG emission source	15					
8.5	Quantification methodology	15					
8.6	Selection and collection of GHG activity data	16					
8.7	Selection and collection of GHG emission data	16					
8.8	Selection and development of GHG emission factors	16-17					
8.9	GHG emission quantification	19-21					
8.10	GHG Quantification Exclusions	21					
8.11	Materiality	22					
8.12	Historical Base year and Base year GHG Emission comparison	22					
8.13	Recalculate its Base Year	22					
8.14	Organizational Activities to reduce GHG emissions or increase GHG removals	23					
9.0	Assessing and Reducing Uncertainty	24					
10.0	Document Retention and Record Keeping	24					
11.0	GHG Reporting	24					
12.0	GHG MANAGEMENT AND MONITORING PROCEDURES	25					
13.0	Organizations' role in Verification Activities	26					
	Annexure - 1	27					
	Annexure - 2						

GHG Emissions Report - 2023



1.0 Preface

Climate Change is a serious global environmental and economic challenge and threat. Increasing concentration of Green House Gases (GHG) due to anthropogenic activities contributes to global climate change. Rapid industrialization increases emission of GHG into the atmosphere through the burning of fossil fuels. An effective solution to mitigate climate change is to control GHG emission at micro level. Considering the growing impacts of climate change, countries around the world are becoming more aware of the risks involved and Governments are taking preventive measures through appropriate policy interventions as response to climate change. Organizations too have started to measure, quantify and report GHG emissions.

Delta Electronics India Pvt Ltd have quantified GHG emissions across our business operations and has developed its GHG inventory report to demonstrate its commitment towards sustainable development and addressing the environmental challenge. The GHG report highlights objectives and strategies and describes the GHG inventory framework. This GHG report is prepared accord to the requirements of ISO 14064 -1:2018 and provides information on emissions of inventory for the year of 2023. The GHG accounting for Delta has been carried out accord to the guidelines of ISO14064-1:2018 and "Corporate GHG Accounting and Management Protocol" developed by World Resource Institute (WRI) and World Business Council for Sustainable Development (WBCSD) and IPCC assessment report.

The report demonstrates commitment to Corporate mission of Delta Group Worldwide

i.e. "To provide innovative, clean and energy-efficient solutions for a better tomorrow"

1.1 Acknowledgement

The report has been prepared for Delta Electronics India Pvt Ltd, Gurugram, Rudrapur, Bangalore, Krishnagiri -SEZ, DTA, Mumbai, Ahmadabad, Chennai with the sole purpose of reporting Green House Gas(GHG) emission as per ISO – 14064 -1: 2018.

1.2 Limitations

This report is based upon the application of professional judgment to certain facts with resultant subjective interpretations. Professional judgments expressed herein are based on the facts currently available within the limits of the scope of work, information available at the two units viz. Delta Electronics India Pvt Ltd, Gurugram, Rudrapur, Bangalore, KG SEZ, KG DTA, Mumbai, Ahmadabad or its representative, prevailing secondary data, budget and schedule.

The focus on the GHG Footprint Assessment was based on ISO 14064 -1:2018 (Specification with Guidance at the Organization Level for Quantification and Reporting of Green House Gas Emissions and Removals).

1.3 Organization

The report represents the data related to Delta Electronics India Pvt. Ltd, Gurugram, Rudrapur, Bangalore, Krishnagiri -SEZ, DTA, Mumbai, Ahmadabad, Chennai, as per the scope, inclusions and exclusions, as detailed out in the report.

1.4 Responsible Party

Mr. Niranjan Nayak, Managing Director

E-Mail: Niranjan.nayak@deltaww.com



1.5 Project Team Members

S. No	Name	Functions & Location	Responsibility
1	Ms. Rachna Kango	Head - Strategic Marketing	Final Approver & Representation the detailed report to board meeting based on the requirements
2	Ms. Mythreyi M	ESG	Report Compilation by collection of data from the concern Team and reviewer of the GHG Report
3	Mr. Rameshwar Dayal	Facilities - Gurugram	
4	Mr. Raghav Dubey	Administration - Gurugram/Mumbai/Ahmadabad	
5	Mr. Kamal Tiwari	Facilities - Rudrapur	
6	Mr. Sunil Singh	Administration - Rudrapur	
7	Mr. Rahul Kumar	Facilities - Bangalore/Chennai	
8	Mr. Neeraj Vashishta	Administration - Bangalore/Chennai	
9	Mr. Vignesh	Facilities - KG (SEZ/DTA)	Collection and Timely updation as per requirements
10	Mr. Francis	Administrationm - KG(SEZ/DTA)	
11	Mr. MirMohammed Raza	Commercial and Logistics - Bangalore/Ahmadabad/Mumbai /Chennai	
12	Mr. Paramjeet	Commercial and Logistics - Gurugram/Rudrapur	
13	Mr. Kashish Chopra	Commercial and Logistics - Gurugram/Rudrapur	
14	Mr. Vetrivelan	Commercial and Logistics - KG - SEZ/DTA	
15	Ms. Sukanya Gogoi	Admin (Centralize Travel Data)	

2.0 About the Report

2.1 Objective of the Report

Although the overall objective of the report as stated in the "Declaration Statement" is to demonstrate its commitment to Corporate Mission of Delta Group worldwide. i.e "To provide Innovative clean and energy efficient solutions for a better tomorrow", The immediate objective of this report of Delta Electronics India Pvt Ltd. Gurugram, Rudrapur, Bangalore, Krishnagiri -SEZ, DTA, Mumbai, Ahmadabad, Chennai and its validation is to provide "limited verified information" regard its GHG emissions to the intended user, namely Delta Electronics, Thailand (Herein after referred as DET) that proposes to use this report input for improving its rating of Carbon disclosure project (CDP) submission.

Delta has developed this GHG inventory to measure, manage and report its GHG emission and to identify opportunities for reduction.

GHG Emissions Report – 2023



2.2 Intended Use and Intended Users of the Report

This report is a voluntary communication to various stakeholders of Delta Electronics India Pvt Ltd, including, Customers, Management, Investors, Financiers, Government and the Public at the large. Stakeholders can obtain necessary information on GHG performance of the facility/company and track the performance with respect to organizations objectives to GHG performance. This report will further serve as the launching pad for more detailed and inclusive studies for all the installations and operations. Since GHG emission and energy/fuel have a direct correlation, this may serve as an ideal platform to identify GHG hotspots for future GHG emission/fuel consumption reduction program. This report will also be the reference point for any verification of GHG inventory to be estimated in future, should the management so decide. As ESG program is governed by Delta Corp Mgt and submit the data to them. Once the Corporate ESG Assessment is done and the data is disclosed in DELTA corporate website. We are providing the report to intend users based on the demand as well.

2.3 Reporting Period

2.3.1 Frequency and Base Year Calculation

Delta Electronics India Pvt Ltd assessing GHG performance on an annual basis. Hence Inventorization of GHG emission will be taken up on an annual frequency. The historical base year was from 2017 where DIN had two major operational sites Gurgaon and Rudrapur. As per the guidance from our Corporate team and the pertaining to the consideration of our RE100 locations the new factory sites and office spaces are considered for GHG accounting. The present study period includes data from 1st January 2023 to 31st December 2023.

2.3.2 Period of Validity

This report is valid until a future revision of this report is published which supersedes this present version or publishes any report which modifies the approach and calculation rationale presented in this report, which ever is earlier.

3.0 Terms and Definitions

The terms and definitions used in this Report are as follows.

- **Green House Gas (GHG):** Gaseous constituent of the atmosphere, both natural and anthropogenic, that absorbs and emits radiation at specific wavelengths within the spectrum of infrared radiation emitted by Earth's surface, the atmosphere, and clouds.
- **GHG Source:** Physical unit or process that releases a GHG into the atmosphere.
- **GHG Sink:** Physical unit or process that removes a GHG from the atmosphere.
- GHG Emission: Total mass of a GHG released to the atmosphere over a specified period.
- Scope 1 (Direct GHG emission): GHG emission from GHG sources owned or controlled by the organization.
- **Energy Indirect GHG emission:** GHG emission from the generation of imported electricity, heat or steam consumed by the organization.
- Other Indirect GHG emission other than Imported Energy: GHG emission, other than energy indirect GHG
 emissions, which is a consequence of an organization's activities, but arises from GHG sources that are owned
 or controlled by other organizations.
- GHG activity data: Quantitative measure of activity that results in a GHG emission or removal.

A NELTA

GHG Emissions Report - 2023

- GHG Assertion: Declaration or Factual and objective statement by the responsible party
- **GHG Inventory:** An Organization's GHG sources, GHG sinks, GHG emissions and GHG removals.
- **GHG Report:** Standalone document intended to communicate an organization's or project's GHG-related information to its intended users. Intended user is Delta Electronics Thailand (DET) that would like to use this report input for improving its rating of CDP submission.
- Global Warming Potential (GWP): Factor describing the radiative forcing impact of one mass-based unit of a given GHG relative to an equivalent of carbon dioxide over a given period.
- Carbon dioxide equivalent (CO2e): unit for comparing the radiative forcing of a GHG to carbon dioxide.
- Base Year (CO2e): Historical period specified for the purpose of comparing GHG emissions or removals or other GHG-related information over time.
- **Facility:** Single installation, set of installations or production processes (stationary or mobile), which can be defined within a single geographical boundary, organizational unit of production process
- **Organization:** Company, Corporation, firm, enterprise, authority or institution, or part or combination thereof, whether incorporated or not, public, or private, that has its own functions and administration.
- Responsible Party: Person or Persons responsible for the provision of GHG assertion and the supporting GHG
 information.
- **Intended User:** Individual or organization identified by those reporting GHG-related information as being the one who relies on that information to make decisions.
- Level of Assurance: Degree of assurance the intended user requires in a validation or verification.
- Monitoring: Continuous or periodic assessment of GHG emissions and removals or other GHG-related data.
- **Uncertainty:** Parameter associated with the result of quantification which characterizes the dispersions of the values that could be reasonably attributed to the quantified amount.
- Category 1: Direct GHG emissions and removals: Direct GHG emissions and removals occur from GHG sources or sinks inside organizational boundaries and that are owned or controlled by the organization. Those sources can be stationary (e.g. heaters, Diesel generators, industrial process) or mobile (e.g. vehicles).
- Category 2: Indirect GHG emissions from imported energy: This category includes only GHG emissions due to the fuel combustion associated with the production of final energy and utilities, such as electricity, heat, steam, cooling and compressed air. It excludes all upstream emissions (from cradle to power plant gate) associated with fuel, emissions due to the construction of the power plant, and emissions allocated to transport and distribution losses.
- Category 3: Indirect GHG emissions from transportation: GHG emissions occur from sources located outside the organizational boundaries. Those sources are mobile and are mostly due to fuel burnt in transport equipment. If relevant, the category also includes emissions associated with:
 - refrigeration gas leaks (e.g. chilled transport, air conditioner);
 - upstream emissions arising from fuel generation and fuel transportation/distribution;
 - construction of the transport equipment (vehicle and infrastructure).

A NELTA

GHG Emissions Report – 2023

- This category includes transport for persons and goods, and for all modes (rail, maritime, air and road). If transport equipment is owned or controlled by the organization, the emissions shall be considered in category 1 (B.2) as direct emissions.
- Category 4: Indirect GHG emissions from products and services used by an organization: GHG emissions occur from sources located outside the organizational boundaries associated with goods used by the organization. Those sources might be stationary or mobile and are associated with all types of goods purchased by the reporting organization. Emissions are mostly due to the following phase in a "cradle to supplier output gate" approach:
 - extraction of raw materials, agricultural activities.
 - transportation of raw materials/products between suppliers.
 - manufacturing and processing of raw materials.

Attention should be paid to not double count with other categories/subcategories, such as indirect GHG emissions from transportation and services purchased by the organization.

- Category 5: Indirect GHG emissions associated with the use of products from the organization: GHG
 emissions or removals associated with the use of products from the organization result from products sold by
 the organization during life stages occurring after the organization's production process. Those emissions or
 removals might cover a very wide range of services and associated processes. In most cases, the organization
 does not know the product's exact destiny through its life stages and, thus, should define plausible scenarios
 for each life stage.
- Category 6: Indirect GHG emissions from other sources: The purpose of this category is to capture any organization specific emission (or removal) that cannot be reported in any other category. In consequence, it is the organization's responsibility to define the content of this category.

4.0 Declaration Statement by Reporting Organization

Delta Electronics India Pvt Ltd, Gurugram and Rudrapur collectively acting as "Reporting Organization" for the purpose of this report, do hereby declare that the Inventorization of GHG Emissions and reporting has been done in accordance with ISO 14064-1: 2018 (Specification with Guidance at the Organization Level for Quantification and Reporting of Green House Gas Emissions and Removals).

Delta commits that this report is intended to be verified by third party to "Limited level of assurance" and a "Statement of Assurance" from the same would be annexed to the report after the assessment.

Delta started collating the data and reporting it in a structured form as per the specifications laid down in ISO 14064-1: 2018.

4.1 Principles

Delta declares that the contents of this report are true and fair account to the best of our knowledge.

4.2 Relevance

A NELTA

GHG Emissions Report – 2023

The intended users of this report are namely Delta Electronics Thailand (hereinafter referred as "DET") that proposes to use this report input for improving its rating of Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP) submission.

4.3 Completeness

The report is complete with all respects within the scope defined. This was verified based on the data collated by team and assessed based on the data evaluation.

4.4 Consistency

All efforts have been made to collate the data on a monthly basis for the reporting period of the report. Exemptions if any, are highlighted and clearly marked in the report. Inconsistencies, if any, are not expected to lead to material discrepancy to affect the decisions of intended users.

The data has been presented in a manner so as to facilitate meaningful comparison and ability to transpose and/or change the reporting year, if required, in future (e.g. change of financial year or reporting period)

4.5 Accuracy

The organization has made all reasonable and practical efforts to remove bias and uncertainties by involving process owners and engaging external facilitators.

4.6 Transparency

The organization has made all reasonable and practical efforts to ensure the transparency as data was transferred directly from the user departments to the external facilitators and no filters were introduced prior to its inclusion in the report.

5.0 Quantification of GHG Emissions

Total GHG emissions of base year 2023 is 59,711.72 tCO2e

Type of Emission	Scope/Category	Overall emission tCO2e	Calculation methodology
Direct	Scope1/Category 1	506.05	Refer Excel spreadsheet
Indirect	Scope 2 / Category 2	14,253.73	Refer Excel spreadsheet
Other Indirect other than Imported Energy	Scope 3/ Category 4,5,7,9	44951.94	Refer Excel spreadsheet

5.1 Direct Emissions (Scope 1 & Category 1)

Emissions caused by sources that are owned or controlled by organization (eg; generation of electricity, company owned vehicle, use of refrigerant.

5.2 Indirect Emission (Scope 2 & Category 2)

Emissions from the indirect sources (e.g. emissions from the generation of purchased electricity consumed by the organization).

5.3 Other Indirect Emissions other than Imported Energy (Scope 3 & Category 4,5,7,9)

Emissions from the following other indirect GHG sources (e.g. Transportation of RM, Transportation of finished Goods, Employee Commuting, Waste generated in facilities excluding STP)



GHG Emissions Report - 2023

Based on the Assessment/ Evaluation of above emissions, this verified data will get integrated with the Corporate GHG Inventory report of DET.

6.0 Organizational Boundaries

6.1 About the Group

Delta, founded in 1971, is a global leader in power and thermal management solutions. Delta's businesses include Power Electronics, Automation, and Infrastructure. It is providing following solutions.

Delta India Overview

Delta Electronics India Pvt. Ltd., a leading Power & Energy Management Company.

Investing & Growing in India, since 2003

operates in three business categories
 Power Electronics, Automation & Infrastructure

● 19 years of unparalleled legacy in India ● Pan India Sales & Service Coverage ● 1750+ strong technical workforce

Market Leadership in:





Display Solutions (Video walls)



Leading player in:















Renewable Energy Solutions

To provide innovative, clean and energy efficient solutions for a better tomorrow

Industrial Automation Solutions Building Automation Solutions

Corporate Mission

6 Delta Confidential



Power Solutions	Automations	Infrastructure		
Components	Industrial Automation	CIS Infrastructure		
Embedded Power Fan and Thermal Management	 Equipment control and visual network control Drive and motion 	Telecom and power systemsNetworking systemsUPS and datacenter		
Automotive Electronics	Field devices	Infrastructure		
Merchant and Mobile powerDisplay and visualization	Building Automation	Energy Infrastructure		
Health care devicesMobile PowerIndustrial Power	 Building Management and control LED Lighting Intelligence Surveillance 	 EV Charging Energy Storage systems Renewable energy High power motor drives 		
Regional Business				
 Control cubicles for railway Power quality compensation and equipment 				



6.2 About Delta India Region

Delta India Region Operations that reports to Delta Electronics Thailand (hereinafter referred to as "DET") started its operations in India in 2003 and is currently providing Video Display Units under its Display Systems Business Unit, DSBU that is part of Display and Monitoring Solutions; Mission Critical Infrastructure Systems or MCIS like Uninterrupted Power Supply (UPS) that fall under Datacenter Solutions; Telecom Power Systems that fall under Telecom Energy Solutions; Industrial Automation Drives that fall under Industrial Automation Solutions; and Wind Power Converters, EV chargers, Control Cubicles for Railway Rolling Stock, Solar Inverters and Solar Power Plants under Renewable Energy Solutions.

Delta India Presence



6.3 About the Reporting Organization

The reporting organizations for this report are Delta Electronics India Pvt Ltd, Gurugram(HQ), Rudrapur, Krishnagiri(SEZ & DTA), Bangalore (Office& RnD), Mumbai, Ahmadabad, Chennai

Delta Electronics India Pvt Ltd, Bangalore has a Corporate Office for Delta India Region Operations and RnD division. It has senior management team of Industrial Automation Solutions, Building Automation Solutions, Datacenter Solutions, Telecom Energy Solutions, Renewable Energy Solutions and Display and Monitoring Solutions.

Delta Electronics India is located at Bangalore, Karnataka. The Factory locations are in Krishnagiri (SEZ/DTA), Gurugram, Rudrapur. We Manufacture, Supply, Repair, Installation and Servicing of high-quality Video Display Solutions, High end Power solutions and Sales, Repair and Servicing of Industrial Automation Products.

Delta Electronics India is located at Rudrapur, Uttarakhand. We Manufacture, Supply, Repair, Installation and Servicing of high-quality Telecom Power Solutions, Power solutions, Power Backup Solutions, Battery Chargers, and Uninterrupted power supplies. Also manufacturing and supply of wind power convertors and Electric Vehicle Chargers, Control Cubicles for Railway Rolling Stock. And In-house calibration of measuring equipment's.



GHG Emissions Report – 2023

Location-			Full Address	Latitude	Longitude	Property	
ID	Name	Name					
SA-1	Gurgaon	GGN	Plot No. 42-43, Sector-35, HSIIDC,	28.41522	77.00155	Owned and	
			Gurgaon - 122001, Haryana, India			used by Delta	
SA-2	Rudrapur	RDP	Delta Electronics India Pvt. Ltd.	29.00921	79.41613	Owned and	
			Plot No. 11B,12,13,37,38A Sector-5			used by Delta	
			IIE Pantnagar, US Nagar 263153,				
			Uttarakhand, India.				
SA-3	Bangalore	BLR	Plot No 69 A,B,C,D, Bommasandra	12.82236	77.68378	Owned and	
			Industrial Area, Bommasandra,			used by Delta	
			Karnataka 560099, India				
SA-4	Krishnagiri	KG - SEZ	SF No.16, 1B2B Part 16, Plot No 1	12.60336	78.12143	Owned and	
			Industrial Part, Kurubarappally			used by Delta	
			Village, Krishnagiri, Tamil Nadu,				
			India (SEZ)				
SA-5	Krishnagiri	KG-DTA	SF No.16, 1B2B Part 16, Plot No 1	12.60336	78.12143	Owned and	
			Industrial Part, Kurubarappally			used by Delta	
			Village, Krishnagiri, Tamil Nadu,				
			India (DTA)				
SA-6	Mumbai	MUM	1619A, Rupa Solitaire, Millenium	19.11152	73.01583	Owned and	
			Business Park, MIDC Industrial Area,			used by Delta	
			Sector 1, Kopar Khairane, Navi				
			Mumbai, Maharashtra 400710,				
			India				
SA-7	Ahmedabad	AMD	#508, 509, 510 5th F, B-Block	23.00285	72.50107	Rent and used	
			Westgate, Nr YMCA Club, SG Rd			by Delta	
			Ahmedabad - 380015				
SA-8	Chennai	CHN	1st Floor, ASV Chameirs Square,	13.0283	80.25091	Rent and used	
			Chamiers Road, Raja			by Delta	
			Annamalaipuram, Chennai- 600028				



GHG Emissions Report – 2023

Organizational Scope can be defined as

SA-1	Gurgaon	Gurugram, Haryana. Are manufacturing, Supply, Repair, Installation and Servicing of high-quality Video Display Solutions, Sales, Repair and Servicing of Industrial Automation Products.
SA-2	Rudrapur	Manufacture, Supply, Repair, Installation and Servicing of high-quality Telecom Power Solutions, Power solutions, Power Backup Solutions, Battery Chargers, and Uninterrupted power supplies (DMI). Also manufacturing and supply of wind power convertors and Electric Vehicle Chargers, Control Cubicles for Railway Rolling Stock. Inhouse calibration of measuring equipment
SA-3	Bangalore	RnD Centre & Office
SA-4	Krishnagiri	Telecom Power Solutions, Power solutions, Power Backup Solutions, Battery Chargers, and Uninterrupted power supplies (DMI).
SA-5	Krishnagiri	VFD, temperature controller, DC fan, IPS, Notebook charger
SA-6	Mumbai	Sales Office
SA-7	Ahmedabad	Sales Office
SA-8	Chennai	Sales Office

	GGN	RDP	KG SEZ	KG DTA	Bangalore	Mumbai	Ahmdabad	Chennai
Nearest Highway	NH 48 (earlier NH8)	National Highway-109 (Earlier NH 87)	Natinonal Highway no -7	Natinonal Highway no -8	Natinonal Highway no -9	Natinonal Highway no -48	Natinonal Highway no -08C	Natinonal Highway no -12
	Gurugram station at a distance of about 15 km	Rudrapur Station at a distance of about 10 km		Hosur Railway station at a distance of 40 km	station at a	Ghansoli Railway station at a distance of 2Km	Vastapur Railway station at a distance of 2 Km	Mandaveli Railway Station at 1 km
Nearest Airport	New Delhi at a distance of about 25 km	of about 12 km	Kempegowda International Airport at 43 kms	Kempegowda International Airport at 43 kms	International	Chatrapati Shivaji Maharaj terminal at 40 kms	Jaruar Vallabilbilar	Chennai International Airport at 14 kms
Land Area	square meters. Built-up floor area: 2,500	Total Land Area: 37,000 square meters. Shop floor area: 20,000 square meters	109867.97sqm (27.1 acre) Shopfloor area 25000 sqm	125655.58 (31 acre) Shopfloor area 25000 sqm	Total Land area 27827 sqm Total Built up floor area 6400	Occupied area	Occupied Area 395 sqm	Occupied Area 557
Source of Energy	Indian National Grid	Indian National Grid	Indian National Grid	Indian National Grid	Indian National Grid	Indian National	Indian National Grid	



6.4 Organizational Boundaries

- a) **Control:** Delta India Region has financial and operational control over the eight locations covered under the scope. Hence, the Operational Control approach for setting the organizational boundaries has been selected.
- b) Equity share: The Delta accounts for its portion of GHG emissions and/or removals from respective facilities.

Delta India Region has 100% financial and operational control over the eight locations (GGN, Rudrapur, Bangalore, Krishnagiri SEZ& DTA, Mumbai, Ahmedabad, Chennai) covered under the scope. Hence, the Operational Control approach for setting the organizational boundaries has been selected.

6.5 Operation Boundaries

Delta Electronics India have selected to quantify, verify, and report its Direct GHG emissions (Scope 1), Energy Indirect emissions (Scope 2) and part of Other Indirect Emissions (Scope 3) other than Imported Energy related to each of the eight facilities (GGN, Rudrapur, Bangalore, Krishnagiri SEZ& DTA, Mumbai, Ahmedabad, Chennai).

The term, "Scope" for the categorization of emission in Scope 1, 2 and 3 has not been specified in ISO 14064 -1:2018 specifications but in World Resource Institute (WRI-GHG protocol). However, these terms have been included in the

report to provide clarity to intended users, wherever required. This is intended to improve the consistency and reliability of the report.

7.0 Reporting Boundary

7.1 Establishing Reporting Boundary

Reporting boundary establishment includes identifying GHG emission and removals associated with the Delta India operations. The GHG emission and removals is categorized into direct emissions, Indirect emissions (Energy, upstream transporation and distribution, downstream transporation and distribution, employee commuting and waste generated in operations). Sewage treatment plant activity is not included in the waste generated in operations. The treated water is reused for flushing activity and the sludge is used as a manure to the plants.

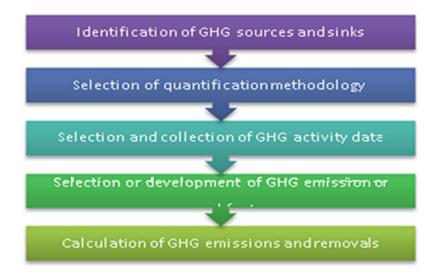
Significance criteria of all the emissions will be as below: -

- 1. Significant: Any emission source lying in any category (1 to 6/Scope 1 to 3) which is having potential to produce more than or equal to 5% of tCO2e w.r.t. total tCO2e generation by the Organization.
- 2. Non Significant: Any emission source lying in any category (1 to 6/Scope 1 to 3) which is having potential to produce less than 5% of tCO2e w.r.t. total tCO2e generation by the Organization.

Establishing the operational boundaries for Delta India GHG emissions emanate largely from fossil fuel consumption in the facility's diesel consumption in DG sets and company owned vehicles (Gurugram, Rudrapur, KG SEZ), refrigerant gas consumption in chillers and air conditioning units of company, purchase of electricity, Transportation of raw material and Finished goods, employee commuting, waste generated in facilities Energy efficiency projects and waste generated in operation excluding the STP. plantation within the facility's organizational boundary may act as carbon sinks.

(Please refer Annexure 1 or 2)

Delta India has quantified and documented its emissions from different sources based on its emission activity data, selected quantification methodology and emission factor.



8.0 Quantification of GHG Emissions and Removals

8.1 GHG Sink

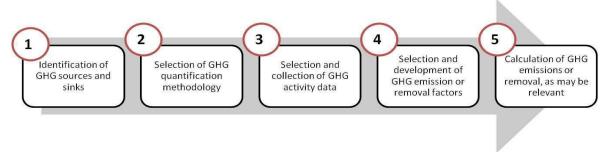
Delta Electronics India have roof top solar installations of 10KW at Rudrapur, 180KW at Gurgaon, 1310KW, and 593KW at Bangalore and is captured in the accounting sheet.

8.2 Emission due to Biomass Combustion

There was no biomass combustion occurring within Delta boundary of above said locations.

8.3 GHG Emissions and Removals

Total GHG emissions and removals from eight business sites of Delta Electronics India, Gurugram, Rudrapur, Bangalore, Krishnagiri SEZ, Krishnagiri DTA, Mumbai, Ahmedabad, Chennai were assessed through collection of data from designated responsible source and also site visit was conducted to understand the processes. The total GHG emissions from both the sites under direct, indirect and other indirect emissions other than Imported Energy were inventoried through following five step processes.





8.4 Identification of GHG Emission Source and Sinks

Sr. No.	Source of emissions	Source of data	Document/Records
1	DG Set operation – Stack emissions	Fuel Combustion	Diesel Issue Log Book
2	Company owned vehicle	Fuel Combustion	Diesel Issue Log Book
3	Refrigerant Gas	Administration	Invoice copies and Bills
4	Purchase of Electricity – Emissions at the source of production	Electricity bills	Electricity Bills
5	Transportation of Raw material (Import) and products (Up-stream and downstream)	Logistic Data	Data in Excel Spreadsheet
6	Employee commuting	Administration	Bills from Vendor
7	Waste generated in facilities	Administration	Log Book and Invoices
Sr. No	Source of Sinks	Source of Data	Document/Records
1	Roof top Solar energy	Meter Reading	Meter Recordings and Data in Excel Spreadsheet

8.5 Methodology

The calculations have been compiled using qualitative approach based on GHG protocol, EPA and IPCC. The methodology uses combination of calculation based (GHG activity data multiplied by GHG emission or removal factors,) and measurement based (either continuous or intermittent approach). This is because direct measurement of GHG emissions by monitoring concentration and flow rate is not common.

To minimise uncertainty and improve consistency and accuracy, selected methodology for GHG quantification is GHG activity DATA multiplied by GHG emission factors.

Emission factor reference attached in Annexure 2

8.6 Selection and Collection of GHG activity data

Following steps are followed during selection and collection of GHG activity DATA.

- 1. Based on the GHG sources and sinks as listed in GHG sources list, relevant GHG activity data are identified as required under the chosen GHG quantification methodology.
- 2. Current set of data collection procedures are followed to capture the GHG activity data.
- 3. GHG activity data are extracted from existing data collecting system.
- 4. GHG activity data collection, storage and reporting procedures for uncaptured GHG activity data are developed (wherever such data was not available) as per the selected quantification methodology.



8.7 Selection and Collection of GHG emission data

S.No	Source of emissions	Activity data	Source	Frequency of data collection
1	DG Set operation – Stack emissions	Fuel consumption	Meter readings/ Fuel log books	Continuous/daily basis
2	Company owned vehicle	Fuel consumption	Meter readings/ Fuel log books	Continuous/daily basis
3	Refrigerant Gas	Gas refilling consumption	Invoices	Periodical Maintenance
4	Purchase of Electricity – Emissions at the source of production	Electricity consumption	Monthly bills from electricity supplier	Monthly
5	Transportation of Raw material and Finished goods (Import) and products (Up-stream and downstream) Vehicle	Distance travelled and total tons	Invoices from transporters	Monthly
6	Employee commuting - Vehicle	Travel distance and type of vehicle	Transporter invoices	Continuous/daily basis
7	Waste Generated in facilities	Weight of waste	Log books and invoice copies	Daily basis

8.8 Selection and Development of GHG emission factors

As per the UNFCCC7, an emission factor is defined as the average emission rate of a given GHG for a given source, relative to units of activity. GHG emission factor is needed to calculate GHG emission from different sources and plays an important role in GHG inventory. ISO 14064-1-2018, Clause 6.3 defines greenhouse gas emission or removal factor as a relating activity data to GHG emissions or removals. Emission factors have been sourced from publicly available documents. The emission factor for purchased electricity (indirect energy use) has been sourced from Central Electricity authority of India whereas emission factors for stationary combustion sources have been sourced from 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories and GHG protocol. Global Warming Potential values have been sourced from the IPCC Fifth and Sixth Assessment Report. This corresponds to use of Tier-02 approach for determination of GHG emissions. Emission factor for GHG emissions from mobile sources (transportation of raw materials and product distribution) were sourced from India GHG program.

Please refer Annexure 2 for complete details



	Category as nor ICO				Emisio	Total Emission
Scope #	Category as per ISO 14064:1:2018	Parameters	Unit	GWP	tCO2e	tCO2e
			KL		icoze	
		Diesel Consumption for Power Generation	TJ -	1	2.6988	409.61
		Power Generation	tCO2e			
		Diesel Fuel Consumption	KL			
		for Company owned	TJ -	1	2.6988	79.72
		vehicles	tCO2e			
		R-22	KG GWP	1760	1760	0.00
			KG			
SCOPE-1 -	Category 1	R-410A	GWP	2088	2088	16.70
(Direct Emission)	(Direct Emissions)	R-134A	KG	1530	1530	0.00
Lillission		N-134A	GWP	1550	1330	0.00
		R-407C	KG	1774	1774	0.00
			GWP			
		SF 6	KG GWP	25200	25200	0.00
		Fire Extinguisher CO2	KG		_	
		Type	GWP	1	1	0.02
		FM 200 (HFC227ea)	KG	3600	3600	0.00
		11V1 200 (111 C227ea)	GWP	3000	3000	0.00
SCOPE-2	Category 2	Electricity from grid	KWh	1	0.823	14,253.73
(Indirect	(Direct Emissions)		tCO2-e			- '
		By Sea (Import & Export)	tCO2-e	1	0.05	1,863.12
		By Air	1002 0			
		(Impoert & Export)	tCO2-e	1	1.58	41,885.91
		Domestic Inland Road		1	0.049	282.14
		(Transportation of FG)	tCO2-e		0.043	202.14
Scope 3	Category 3	Air Travel	Passenge			
(Other Indirect	(Indirect GHG	(Business Travel)	r Km	1	0.121	0.00
Emmision)	emissions from transportation)		tCO2-e Passenge			
	transportation	Train Travel	r Km	1	0.007837	0.00
		(Business Travel)	tCO2-e	_	0.007.007	0.00
		Car	KM	1	0.126	0.00
		(Business Travel-Local)	tCO2-e	1	0.126	0.00
		Employee commuting-	KM	1	0.015	4,420.48
C 2	6-1	BUS	tCO2-e			,
Scope 3 (Other Indirect	Category 4 (Indirect emissions	LPG Consumption for food preparation for	Kgs tCO2-e	1	2939.29	0.00
Ctilei mairett	(munect emissions		Kgs			
		Wood	tCO2-e	1	21.28	8.72
		Cartoons	Kgs	1	21.28	10.16
		Cartoons	tCO2-e	1	21.28	10.16
		Plastic	Kgs	1	21.28	1.81
			tCO2-e			
	Category 4	Polythene	Kgs TCO2-e	1	21.28	1.15
	(Indirect emissions		Kgs			
6	from the Services)	Foam	tCO2-e	1	21.28	0.15
Scope 3 (Other Indirect		Mix	Kgs	1	21.28	4 90
Emission)	Organizational	(Closed Loop Recy) Gardening Waste	tCO2-e	1	21.28	4.89
	Waste Generation	(Landfill)	Kgs	1	578.94	1.82
	Outsourced	Organic: 1880 and drink	tCO2-e			
	Disposition	waste	Kgs tCO2-e	1	21.28	0.31
		(Local MC Handover) Metal	Kgs			
		(Closed Loop Recy)	tCO2-e	1	21.28	2.91
		E-Waste	Kgs		24.20	2.20
		(Recycling)	tCO2-e	1	21.28	2.20
		Batteries Waste	Kgs	1	21.28	0.64
		20110.103 114010	tCO2-e			5.04
Emission		Solar Energy Generation	Kwh	1	0.823	1,238.27
Reduction		Solar Energy Generation	tCO2e	1	0.823	1,238.27

A NELTA

GHG Emissions Report – 2023

8.9 GHG Emission Quantification

GHG accounting is done using guidelines mentioned in ISO 14064-1-2018 and the GHG protocol. As described in section 6.2.3, the GHG quantification is done by GHG activity data is multiplied by the relevant GHG emission/removal factors. The GHG calculations are made in an MS excel based spread sheet. The GHG emissions under direct GHG emissions, energy indirect GHG emissions and other indirect GHG emission (other than Imported Energy)categories are given below.

Direct GHG Emissions (Scope 1/ Category 1)

Direct GHG emission account for all fossil fuel combustion for its DG set operations, transports, movement of company owned vehicles, refrigeration and air-conditioning equipment, chiller, fire extinguishers and circuit breakers. All data for energy consumed by manufacturing processes is monitored and collated by Facilities team. Hence, all this data has been collated from Facilities team under Direct GHG Emissions (or Scope 1 emissions).

	Total Emissions - Scope 1									
S.No	Site	Scope/Category	Total Emmision tCO2e	Remarks						
SA 1	Gurugram		39.73							
SA 2	Rudrapur		49.41							
SA 3	Bangalore		2.91							
SA 4	KG SEZ	Scope 1/Category 1	349.49							
SA 5	KG DTA		64.50							
SA 6	Mumbai		0.00							
SA 7	Ahmedabad		0.00							
SA 8	Chennai		0.00							
		Total	506.05							

All other sources identified under this category did not have any GHG emissions except use of Fire Extinguisher (CO2type), Refrigerant R-410A.

Energy Indirect Emissions (Scope 2)/ Category 2: Indirect GHG emissions from imported energy

Indirect GHG emissions are associated with energy purchased by the organization/facility quantified by location-based approach. The purchased electricity could be electricity or steam or heat. The emission source could be outside of Organizational boundary, but since the energy is used by the facilities the associated emissions are calculated and categorized as Scope 2 emissions.

Purchase grid electricity which is supplied by national grid at both the sites and quantification is done through meters installed at site.



	Total Emmisions - Scope 2										
S.No	Site	Scope/Category	Total Emmision tCO2e	Remarks							
SA 1	Gurugram		883.61								
SA 2	Rudrapur		1,221.45								
SA 3	Bangalore		438.66								
SA 4	KG SEZ	Scope 2/Category 2	10,599.70								
SA 5	KG DTA		972.12								
SA 6	Mumbai		92.32								
SA 7	Ahemdabad		8.54								
SA 8	Chennai		37.34								
		Total	14,253.73								

Other Indirect GHG Emissions (Scope 3/ Category 3, 4, 5, 6) - Other Indirect emissions other than Imported Energy accounts for GHG emissions from various sources as categorized by GHG protocol & ISO 14064:12018 and presented in the table below.

S. No	Description	Scope/Category	Gurugram	Rudrapur	Bangalore	KG SEZ	KG DTA	Mumbai	Ahmadabad	Chennai	Reasons for Exclusions
1	IPurchased goods and services	Scope3/ Category 1	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	As this data belongs to the Vendor, so not having proper backup data for this.
	Up-stream transportation and distribution	Scope3/	Included	Included	Included	Included	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	As this data belongs to the Vendor, so not having proper backup data for this.
2	(Transportation of RM and Product by Sea, Air and Road)		Included	Included	Included	Included	Excluded	Included	Included	Included	DTA is fresh site, imports started from 2024.
3	Waste generated from operations	Scope3/ Category 5	Included	Included	Included	Included	Included	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Mumbai, Ahmadabad and Chennai are only office locations.
4	Business travel (Air,Train,Taxi)	Scope3/ Category 6	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Business Travel excluded for this year
5	Employees commuting – (Employees travel from home to office and return in company hired hus)		Excluded	Included	Excluded	Included	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	No Company vehicle hired in Gurgaon, Bangalore, KG DTA. Mumbai, Chennai and Ahmadabad are only office locations
6	IUp-stream leased assets	Scope3/ Category 8	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Not Applicable Currently
7	Downstream transportation and distribution	Scope3/ Category 9	Included	Included	Included	Included	Included	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Waste generated in the Organization (factory location/ RnD) are transported to authorised recycled vendors
8	Processing of sold products	Scope3/ Category 10	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	As this data belongs to end users so data is not available to verify
9	Use of sold products	Scope3/ Category 11	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	As this data belongs to end users so data is not available to verify
10	End of life treatment of the sold products	Scope3/ Category 12	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	EOL Treatment is done based on sales agreement between Delta & Customers. And as per contract we have instructed customer to dispose as per Govt. regulations.
11	Downstream leased assets	Scope3/ Category 13	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Not Applicable
12	Franchisee	Scope3/ Category 14	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Not Applicable
13	Investments	Scope3/ Category 15	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Excluded	Not Applicable



Emission as per Scope 3 & Category 3, 4, 5 & 6 are show below.

Total Emmisions - Scope 3								
S.No	Site	Scope / Category	Total Emmision tCO2e	Remarks				
SA 1	Gurugram	Scope 3/Category 4 & 9	1,633.43					
JA I	Gurugram	Scope 3/Category 5	3.97					
		Scope 3/Category 7	0.00					
		Scope 3/Category 4 & 9	1,369.01					
SA 2	Rudrapur	Scope 3/Category 5	11.92					
		Scope 3/Category 7	69.30					
		Scope 3/Category 4 & 9	591.23					
SA 3	Bangalore	Scope 3/Category 5	0.19					
		Scope 3/Category 7	0.00					
	KG - SEZ	Scope 3/Category 4 & 9	40,225.92					
SA 4		Scope 3/Category 5	18.11					
		Scope 3/Category 7	816.71					
		Scope 3/Category 4 & 9	0.00					
SA 5	KG - DTA	Scope 3/Category 5	0.54					
		Scope 3/Category 7	0.00					
		Scope 3/Category 4 & 9	4.71					
SA 6	Mumbai	Scope 3/Category 5	0.03					
		Scope 3/Category 7	0.00					
		Scope 3/Category 4 & 9	176.78					
SA 7	Ahemadabad	Scope 3/Category 5	0.00					
		Scope 3/Category 7	0.00					
		Scope 3/Category 4 & 9	30.09					
SA 8	Chennai	Scope 3/Category 5	0.00					
		Scope 3/Category 7	0.00					
		Total	44,951.94					



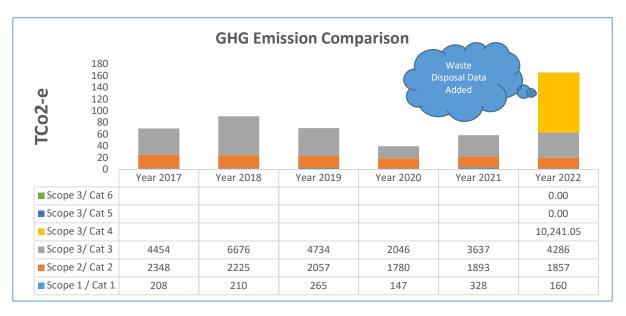
8.10 GHG Quantification Exclusions

There are certain exclusions in the GHG emission inventory report under scope 3 Other indirect emissions other than Imported Energy. Refer detailed table in page 20. For detailed reason of exclusion.

8.11 Materiality

Materiality is defined as a concept that individual, or the aggregation of errors, omissions and misrepresentations may affect the GHG assertion and could influence the intended user's decisions. The materiality threshold is set at 5%. All shall ensure that any omission of data or GHG sources, any misrepresentations should not affect the GHG inventory by more than 5%.

8.12 Historical Base Year and Base year GHG comparison (GGN and RDP)



8.13 Recalculate its Base Year

GHG Protocol explains in A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard" that the 'Companies often undergo significant structural changes such as acquisitions, divestments, and mergers. These changes will alter a company's historical emission profile, making meaningful comparisons over time difficult. For consistent tracking of emissions over time, the base year emissions may need to be recalculated as companies undergo significant structural changes such as acquisitions, divestments, and mergers.

Until 2022, Gurugram and Rudrapur was only fully functional. Delta is an organization engaged in electronic business and with its vision to grow and has undergone operational and structural changes. As per the Corporate ESG advice under RE100 Delta India included the new factory location of Krishnagiri SEZ and DTA and the new office cum RnD at Bangalore and other offices at Mumbai, Ahmedabad and Chennai location and should be accounted for GHG verification and shall submitted to our Corporate team.

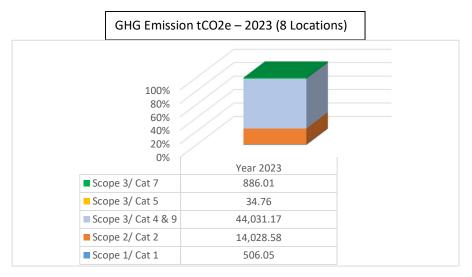
Structural/Operational business changes including acquisitions that result in a significant change to overall emissions.

- -Source ownership and control changes (changes in operational control over the GHG sources)
- Quantification methodology changes or data improvements that result in a 10 per-cent or greater change to overall emissions and



Structural/Operational business changes including acquisitions that result in a significant change to overall emissions.

- -Source ownership and control changes (changes in operational control over the GHG sources)
- Quantification methodology changes or data improvements that result in a 10 per-cent or greater change to overall emissions and



8.14 Organizational Activities to reduce GHG emissions or increase GHG removals.

GHG Reduction Initiatives – Delta India puts its efforts to reduce the GHG emissions through various projects by installation of solar power for all the irrigation activities which has saved energy consumption to some extent.

Car Pooling activity has been initiated in Gurugram location.

DIN Rooftop Solar installations KG



Installation of Smart printers in Bangalore location.

Solar Roof top installation of Bangalore – 593 KW, KG SEZ – 1310 KW, KG-DMI :1470 KW; KG SEZ – 1152.4KW KD -2(SEZ) – 574.19 KW – Installation done yet to be operational.



9.0 Assessing and Reducing Uncertainty

The methodology presented here addresses the estimation of CO2, CH4, N2O, SF6, PFCs, NF3 and HFC's from GGN, Rudrapur, Krishnagiri (SEZ, DTA), Bangalore, Mumbai, Ahmadabad, Chennai. Uncertainty is used to characterize the dispersion of values that could be reasonably attributed to a measured quantity (IPCC, 2006). The overall uncertainty associated with a GHG inventory is driven primarily by the uncertainty associated with the largest ("key") sources of emissions. Although very high levels of uncertainty may be associated with some sources, our overall impact on the uncertainty of entity-wide emissions, or that of a specific installation, may often be very small. In turn, the uncertainty associated with each individual source depends on the quality and availability of sufficient data to estimate emissions and/or on the ability to measure emissions and properly account for measurement variability.

For the present study, the most relevant data parameters used for the GHG estimation are based on measured values such as poser generation from DG set and purchased electricity from nation grid Hence, the uncertainty in the GHG emission calculation relates to uncertainty of the measurement of the parameters. Since in both cases the parameter value is also used for financial transactions between, Gurugram, Rudrapur, Bangalore, Krishnagiri (SEZ, DTA), Mumbai, Ahmadabad, Chennai and various other entities, the uncertainty of measurement of fossil fuel combustion and electricity purchased from grid are usually below 5% in all cases. When site-specific data are unavailable, good practice will usually be to develop emission estimates using emission factors drawn from references consistent with the IPCC Guidelines/ GHG protocol and national emission factors and the source category-specific good practice guidance. These factors will have been measured under circumstances that are judged to be typical. There will be uncertainties associated with the original measurements, as well as with the use of the factors in circumstances other than those associated with the original measurements. It is a key function of good practice guidance for each source category to guide the choice of emission factors to minimise this second source of uncertainty to the extent possible. The source category specific guidance also indicates, wherever possible, the uncertainty ranges likely to be associated with using these factors. Considering the above, the overall uncertainty in the GHG estimation of the present study is not likely to be more than ±5% and may hence be considered free from material misrepresentation.

Please refer Annexure 1 for uncertainty ranking

10.0 Document Retention and Record Keeping

Delta India Manufacturing sites are certified with ISO 9001:2015, ISO 14001:2015 and ISO 45001:2018 Management systems. The same procedure is used for document retention and record keeping and Master list of records are maintained.

11.0 GHG reporting

Introduction and Statement of Intent

1. Introduction

This GHG Annual Report has been prepared and written in accordance with part 9.3.1 of ISO 14064-1:2018 standard and is designed to be used in the process of moving towards improved GHG Performance.

2. Statement of Intent

This report is prepared with the intent of communicating the GHG emissions related to the organizational value additions to its stakeholders. While doing so the report also ensures the following.

Communicating organizational GHG performance to Customers and Potential customers.

A NELTA

GHG Emissions Report – 2023

Communicating organizational resolve in GHG performance improvements to the society.

3. Intended User

The Intended users of this document are identified as given below:

- a. Existing and potential customers
- b. Regulators and governmental entities
- c. Society in general

4. Frequency of the report and period of validity

This report to be produced every year, covering a period of one year ending on 31st December.

5. Objective of the Initiative

Delta India is one of the major manufacturers of Telecom Systems and UPS made to a variety of customer's specifications, mainly for the domestic and export market. Today, we have Global presence in Europe, Asia and Americas. The GHG report is a voluntary undertaking of the Delta India in line with overall organizational policy of promoting sustainable business practices and to be a "Green Company".

6. Declaration Statement by Delta India Electronics India Pvt Ltd

Delta Electronics India Pvt. Ltd. collectively acting as "Reporting Organization" for the purpose of this report, do hereby declare that the Inventorization of GHG Emissions and reporting has been done as per ISO 14064-1: 2018 (Specification with Guidance at the Organization Level for Quantification and Reporting of Green House Gas Emissions and Removals).

Delta India commit that this report is intended to be verified by third party to "Limited level of assurance" and a "Statement of Assurance" from the same would be annexed to the report after the assessment.

Delta India started collating the data and reporting it in a structured form as per the specifications laid down in ISO 14064-1: 2018.

7. Policy on availability and methods of dissemination of the report

We will provide to all users. This report including the opinion statement issued by certification body. Same can be referred on the Server Link.

\\inggnnfs03\RDRQuality\ISO-Rudrapur\DPS ISO\Delta Policy\New) For internal Ref.

and for other intended users, the data & report is being managed by Corporate Mgt of Delta and based on demand from any intended user, data is provided accordingly.

12. GHG Management and Monitoring Procedures

As per the ISO 14064 -1:2018 clause 8.1, The organization shall establish and maintain GHG information management procedures that - ensure conformance with the principles of this part of ISO 14064 -1:2018, ensure consistency with the intended use of the GHG inventory, provide routine and consistent checks to ensure accuracy and completeness of the GHG inventory, identify and address errors and emissions, and document and archive relevant GHG inventory

A NELTA

GHG Emissions Report – 2023

records, including information management activities. During developing GHG inventory, A Core Team has been formed. Training on the ISO 14064 -1:2018 specification including introduction of climate change, impacts of GHG emission on environment, role of organization in GHG emission reduction has been conducted for the core team members at Gurugram where other locations participated through intranet video and where GHG activity data collection and archiving procedures have been discussed with core team.

13. Organization Role in Verification Activities

To provide the intended user the required assurance the GHG report will be verified at two levels as given below

S. No	Type of Verification	Level of Assurance
1	Internal Verification	Reasonable Assurance
2	Third Party Verification	Limited Assurance

Internal Verification is being done to identified responsible authority who has undergone appropriate GHG training from our Taiwan corporate team. The records will be kept for reference purpose and report will be updated accordingly before the 3rd Party Assessment. 全球溫室氣體盤查(Global GHG Inventory) - Document - My Department / Project [MyDMS] (deltaww.com) - Platform for the intended user.

Statement of Verification Internal

- For 2023 Data, Internal Verification of the Baseline Report was carried out and it was concluded that the
 Baseline Report is materially correct and is a fair representation of GHG Data and Information. <u>IT ESG 2.0</u>
 (deltaww.com). Platform for the intended user to upload the GHG data and verification done by the
 Functional head with supporting documents. Managed by Delta Corporate
- For 2023 Data, Internal Verification of this Annual Report was carried out and it was concluded that this Annual Report is materially correct and is a fair representation of GHG Data and Information.

The Internal Validation is carried out through ESG data platform by our Corporate team of the data furnished in this GHG Report and supporting GHG Inventory Quality Management System has validated that the GHG Annual Report for the period Jan 2023 to Dec 2023 is prepared in accordance with ISO 14064-1-2018 International Standard.



Annexure -1- (Data Uncertainty is Overall 5%) & Significance Criteria

	Anr	nex-01 (Un	certain	ity & Si	gnifican	ce Criteria)							
Scope #	Category as per ISO 14064:1:2018	Parameters	Unit	Contribution in Total Org Emission	Significance Level (≥ 5% is Significant)	Uncertainity Remarks							
		Fuel Consumption for Power Generation	KL TJ - tCO2e	1%	Non-Significant	As inward & outward of Diesel Qty is verifiable with Invoice & Issue Log book having accurate							
		Fuel Consumption for Company owned vehicles	KL TJ - tCO2e	0%	Non-Significant	value mentioned so this data is having low dat uncertainty Ranking							
		R-22	KG GWP	0%	Non-Significant								
		R-410A	KG GWP	0%	Non-Significant								
		R-134A	KG GWP	0%	Non-Significant								
SCOPE-1 -	Category 1	R-407C	KG GWP	0%	Non-Significant								
(Direct Emission)	(Direct Emissions)	SF 6	KG GWP	0%	Non-Significant	having low data uncertainty Ranking							
		Fire Extinguisher CO2 Type	KG GWP	0%	Non-Significant								
		FM 200 (HFC227ea)	KG GWP	0%	Non-Significant								
		CH4	KG GWP	0%	Non-Significant								
		N2O	KG GWP	0%	Non-Significant	Still No Usage/Emission							
		NF3	KG GWP	0%	Non-Significant								
SCOPE-2 (Indirect	Category 2 (Direct	Electricity from grid	KWh tCO2-e	25%	"Significant	Electricity Bill having accurate value mentioned so this data is having low data uncertainty Ranking							
Emission)	Emissions)	By Sea (Import & Export) (Transportation of RM	tCO2-e	3%	Non-Significant	As the distance has been calculated with the							
	direct emissions from	By Air (Import & Export) (Transportation of RM	tCO2-e	10%	"Significant	help of google Map, So there may be differenc in distances measured. Due to this reason, thi data is having uncertainty ranking on Maximur							
Saama 2		Domestic Inland Road (Transportation of FG)	tCO2-e	0%	Non-Significant	side (5%).							
(Other Indirect		(Indirect GHG emissions from	Air Travel (Business Travel)	Passenger Km tCO2-e	0%	Non-Significant	As the distance has been calculated with the help of google Map, So there may be difference						
Emission)			transportation)	transportation)	transportation)	transportation)	transportation)	transportation)	transportation)	transportation)	Train Travel (Business Travel)	Passenger Km tCO2-e	0%
		Car (Business Travel-Local)	KM tCO2-e	0%	Non-Significant	As the distance has been calculated based on the KM travelled (fixed) & Total KM is							
		Employee commuting- BUS	KM tCO2-e	3%	Non-Significant	mentioned in all relevant records, So this data also having low uncertainty Ranking							
Scope 3 (Other Indirect	Category 4 (Indirect emissions from	LPG Consumption for food preparation for Employees-Outsourced	Kgs tCO2-e	0%	Non-Significant	There is challenge to calculate the actual consumption data hence uncertainty ranking on Maximum side (5%).							
		Wood	Kgs tCO2-e	15%	"Significant	Data calculation done by actual weight data so it is having uncertainty ranking on Lower side							
		Cartoons	Kgs tCO2-e	18%	"Significant	Data calculation done by actual weight data so it is having uncertainty ranking on Lower side							
		Plastic	Kgs tCO2-e	3%	Non-Significant	Data calculation done by actual weight data so it is having uncertainty ranking on Lower side							
	Category 4	Polythene	Kgs TCO2-e	2%	Non-Significant	Data calculation done by actual weight data so it is having uncertainty ranking on Lower side							
Scope 3	(Indirect emissions from the Services)	Foam	Kgs tCO2-e	0%	Non-Significant	Data calculation done by actual weight data so it is having uncertainty ranking on Lower side							
(Other Indirect Emission)	Organizational Waste	Mix (Closed Loop Recy)	Kgs tCO2-e	8%	"Significant	Data calculation done by actual weight data so it is having uncertainty ranking on Lower side							
	Generation Outsourced	Gardening Waste (Landfill) (May 2023 Onwards)	Kgs tCO2-e	3%	Non-Significant	Data calculation done by actual weight data so it is having uncertainty ranking on Lower side							
	Disposition	Disposition	Organic: food and drink waste (Local MC Handover)	Kgs tCO2-e	1%	Non-Significant	Data calculation done by actual weight data so it is having uncertainty ranking on Lower side						
		Metal (Closed Loop Recy)	Kgs tCO2-e	4%	"Significant	Data calculation done by actual weight data so it is having uncertainty ranking on Lower side							
		E-Waste (Recycling)	Kgs tCO2-e	4%	Non-Significant	Data calculation done by actual weight data so it is having uncertainty ranking on Lower side							
Emission		Batteries Waste	Kgs tCO2-e	1%	Non-Significant	Data calculation done by actual weight data so it is having uncertainty ranking on Lower side							
Reduction Initiatives		Solar Energy Generation	Kwh tCO2e			Low uncertainty ranking because data taken from Meter reading							

Annexure -2- (Emission Factor & Reference)

Parameters	Unit	Emission Factor/GWP	Reference	Links	Distance (Calculator Links
Diesel Consumption for Power Generation	KL	2.7	UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting	Click Here	-	
	TJ - tCO2e		Year 2022			
Diesel Consumption for Company owned vehicles	KL	2.7	UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting	Click Here	-	
	TJ - tCO2e		Year 2022			
R-22	KG	1760	IPCC Fifth Assessment Report	Click Here	_	
	GWP					
R-410A	KG	2088	EPA Climate Leadership- April 2023	Click Here	_	
	GWP					
R-134A	KG	1530	IPCC Sixth Assessment Report	Click Here	-	
	GWP					
R-407C	KG	1774	EPA Climate Leadership- April 2023	Click Here	_	
	GWP					
SF 6	KG	25200	IPCC Sixth Assessment Report			
	GWP					
Fire Extinguisher CO2 Type	KG	1	IPCC Sixth Assessment Report			
	GWP		'			
FM 200 (HFC227ea)	KG	3600	IPCC Sixth Assessment Report			
	GWP			Click Here		
CH4	KG	27	IPCC Sixth Assessment Report IPCC Sixth Assessment Report		-	
CH4	GWP					
N2O	KG					
NZO	GWP	2/3	FCC Sixtil Assessment Report			
NF3	KG	17400	IPCC Sixth Assessment Report			
INFO	GWP	17400	irec sixtii Assessment Report			
Electricity from grid	KWh	0.823	Central Electricity Authority emission factor V-19, Issued on	Click Horo		
Electricity from grid	tCO2-e	0.623	December 2023	<u>Click Here</u>	-	
By Sea (Import & Export)		0.05	GHG PROTOCOL Category 4: Upstream Transportation and Distribution	Cliek Hore	Till April 2022	<u>Click Here</u>
(Transportation of RM & FG)	tCO2-e	0.05	Year 2022	<u>Click Here</u>	From May 2023	<u>Click Here-</u> <u>New</u>
By Air (Import & Export)		1.58	India GHG program, Rev-01, issued on 2015 (India Specific Air Transport Emission Factors for Passenger Travel and Material Transport) Year 2022	Click Here	Till April 2022	<u>Click Here</u>
(Transportation of RM & FG)	tCO2-e				From May 2023	<u>Click Here-</u> New
Domestic Inland Road					Till April 2022	Click Here
(Transportation of FG)	tCO2-e	0.049	India GHG program, Rev-01, issued on 2015 (India Specific)	Click Here	From May 2023	Click Here- New
Air Travel	Passenger Km				Till April 2022	Click Here
(Business Travel)	tCO2-e	0.121	India GHG program, Rev-01, issued on 2015 (India Specific)	Click Here	From May 2023	Click Here- New



Train Travel	Passenger Km				Till April 2022	Click He	<u>ere</u>
(Business Travel)	tCO2-e	0.00996	India GHG program, Rev-01, issued on 2015 (Indian specific)	<u>Click Here</u>	From May 2023	Click New	Here-
Car	KM		India GHG program, Rev-01, issued on 2015(India Specific) considering			<u> </u>	
(Business Travel-Local)	tCO2-e	0.126	<1400CC Diesel vehicle, Taxi having 1200CC range.	Click Here	_		
Employee commuting-	KM	0.015	India GHG program, Rev-01, issued	Click Here	-		
BUS	tCO2-e	0.013	on 2015 (India Specific)	CHCK HETE			
LPG Consumption for food preparation for	Kgs	2939.29	UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting				
Employees-Outsourced	tCO2-e		Year 2022				
Wood	Kgs	21.28	UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting				
	tCO2-e		Year 2022				
Cartoons	Kgs	21.28	UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting				
	tCO2-e		Year 2022				
Plastic	Kgs	21.28	UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting				
	tCO2-e		Year 2022				
Polythene	Kgs	21.28	UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting				
	TCO2-e		Year 2022				
Foam	Kgs	21.28	UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting				
	tCO2-e		Year 2022				
Mix	Kgs	21.28	UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting				
(Closed Loop Recy)	tCO2-e		Year 2022	Click Here	-		
Gardening Waste	Kgs		UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting				
(Landfill)		578.94	Year 2022				
(May 2023 Onwards)	tCO2-e						
Organic: food and drink waste	Kgs	21.28	UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting				
(Local MC Handover)	tCO2-e		Year 2022				
Metal	Kgs		UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting				
(Closed Loop Recy)	tCO2-e	21.28	Year 2022				
E-Waste	Kgs		UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting				
(Recycling)	tCO2-e	21.28	Year 2022				
Batteries Waste	Kgs		UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting				
(Closed Loop)			Year 2022				
(C.03ed Loop)	tCO2-e		_				
Solar Energy Generation	Kwh	0.81	Central Electricity Authority emission factor V-18, Issued on	Click Here			





CARBON FOOTPRINT OF COMPANY
DELTA ELECTRONICS (SLOVAKIA), S. R. O.

THE INVENTORY OF GREENHOUSE GASES 2023

DATA

CONTACTS AND INFORMATION ON PROCESSING

The report "Carbon footprint of company Delta Electronics (Slovakia), s. r. o. – Greenhouse gases inventory for 2023" was prepared by the company CI3 on the basis of input data provided by Delta Electronics (Slovakia), s. r. o.

CI3, s. r. o. is not responsible for the accuracy of the supplied input data.

Information about the processor - CI3, s. r. o.

CI3, s. r. o. is a sister company of the non - profit company CI2, o. p. s., which deals mainly with carbon footprint. In this area, it focuses on determining the company's carbon footprint (Company Carbon Footprint), determining the product's carbon footprint (Product Carbon Footprint), and verifying the carbon footprint according to technical standards STN EN ISO 14064 and the international standard GHG Protocol.

Ja, S. r. d. Jeronýmova 337/6, 252 19 Rudná www.ci3.co.cz IČ 11667770 🛭 DIČ CZ11667770

Contact details of the processor

Address

CI3, s. r. o.

Jeronýmova 337/6, 252 19 Rudná

Company ID: 11667770, Tax ID: CZ11667770

https://www.ci3.co.cz

Contact person

Mgr. Lubomír Bartoš, lubomir.bartos@ci3.co.cz, expert in carbon footprint processing Mgr. Josef Novák, Ph.D., josef.novak@ci3.co.cz, company director

In Rudná, on March 1st, 2024

Sign and stamp

Page 2

SUMMARY

The carbon footprint is a measure of the impact of human activity on the environment and especially on climate change. The carbon footprint is (similarly to the ecological footprint) an indirect indicator of the consumption of energy, products, and services. It measures the amount of greenhouse gases that correspond to a particular activity or product. In the case of a company, the carbon footprint determines the amount of greenhouse gases associated with its activities. Emissions for inventory are divided into six Categories:

- Direct emissions and sinks of greenhouse gases (Category 1)
- Indirect emissions from energy consumption (Category 2)
- Indirect emissions related to transport (Category 3)
- Indirect emissions related to the products and services used by the company (Category 4)
- Indirect emissions related to the use of the company's products (Category 5)
- Indirect emissions from other sources (Category 6)

The calculation of the company's carbon footprint was performed in accordance with the technical standard STN EN ISO 14064-1 and the international standard GHG Protocol. It is the most used calculation tool for the inventory of greenhouse gases of companies and organizations. It enables the company's management not only to measure emissions, but also to plan and manage their gradual reduction.

This report contains the results of the greenhouse gas inventory of Delta Electronics (Slovakia), s. r. o. (hereinafter also Delta Electronics, s. r. o.) for the year 2023. This is the eighth calculation of the company's carbon footprint. All emission sources from Categories 1 and 2 and selected items from Categories 3 and 4 were included in the calculation.

Table 1: Carbon footprint of Delta Electronics, s. r. o.

Category	Emissions 2023 [t CO ₂ e]	Share [%]
Category 1 (direct emissions and sinks of greenhouse gases)	535.08	2.12
Category 2 (indirect emissions from energy consumption) – market based	320.85	1.27
Category 3 (indirect emissions related to transport)	6,566.31	25.97
Category 4 (indirect emissions related to the products and services used by the company)	17,860.73	70.64
Category 5 (indirect emissions related to the use of the company's products)	_	_
Category 6 (indirect emissions from other sources)	_	_
Total	25,282.97	100.00

Greenhouse gas emissions in 2023 were dominated by the consumption of raw materials - especially aluminium (17.92%), iron (16.72%), printed circuits (12.62), upstream transport + WTT (16.09%) and capital goods (15.80%). The total carbon footprint of 25,282.97 t CO_2e per year 2023 increased by 164.06% compared to the base year 2016. The main reason is expanding the calculation, incorporation more items into it and clarification of monetary emission factors especially. From the point of view of individual greenhouse gases, carbon dioxide (CO_2) emissions completely predominate. Emissions of methane (CH_4) and nitrous oxide (N_2O) and hydrofluorocarbons (HFC) are minor.

Consumption of electricity can be also further reduced. Continue to prefer "green electricity". Category 3 and 4 emissions can be influenced by supplier choice and cost-effective measures in Delta Electronics, s. r. o.

1 COMPANY DESCRIPTION

1.1 Basic information and ownership structure

Delta Electronics (Slovakia), s. r. o. has been acting in Slovakia since 1994 when there was established Sales office in Bratislava and began production cooperation with local partner in Nova Dubnica. Our own production company was established in 2001 in Nova Dubnica. In recent past company has undergone several changes. One of the most important was incorporation into Delta Group and merger of two sister companies – production and sales office into one company.

Delta Group is the world's largest provider of switching power supplies and DC brushless fans, as well as a major source for power management solutions, components, visual displays, industrial automation, networking products, and renewable energy solutions. Delta Group has sales offices worldwide and manufacturing plants in Taiwan, China, Thailand, Mexico, India, and Europe. As a global leader in power electronics, Delta's mission is, "To provide innovative, clean and efficient energy solutions for a better tomorrow." Delta is committed to environmental protection and has implemented green, lead-free production and waste management programs for many years.

Production factory in Slovakia was opened on 4th of May 2007 in Dubnica nad Váhom. This decision was supported by promise of Delta to serve their European customers in the best way. New factory is equipped with modern technologies for production of complex product portfolio of power supplies, components of power systems (rectifiers, investors, and control units), solar inverters, as well as complete power systems. These products provide power supply for telecommunication, IT, industry automation and medical equipment.

Company's production concept is based on realization of reliable and innovative custom designed solutions according, customer needs. Modern facility in Dubnica nad Váhom operates as interoperation of quality equipment, structured processes and skilled and qualified employees and has ambition to become Central office of Delta in eastern Europe for production and service.

In 2023, Delta Electronics, s. r. o. employed **712 employees** (FTE) and its turnover was **172.58 mil. EUR**. Biggest customers include ABB, Siemens, Cisco, Ericsson, T-Mobile, IBM, Motorola, Slovak Telekom, and other important telecommunication companies. Main suppliers are Smart Trading TVD, Delta Electronics China and Alfacable.

1.1.1 Contact person

Monika Marečková IMS Representative

Phone.: +421 424 661 276

Email: monika.mareckova@deltaww.com

1.2 Main activity and technology

The subject of activities and source of greenhouse gas emissions (carbon footprint) is manufacturing of abovementioned products. The production is based on modern and efficient production lines.

1.3 Strategies and regulations in relation to the carbon footprint

There is no time bound GHG reduction target yet. It must be set and agreed at corporate level and implemented in all companies under Delta group.

2 GHG INVENTORY BOUNDARIES

2.1 Organizational boundaries

The control approach was used to determine the organizational boundaries of the analysis. The operations owned and controlled by Delta Electronics, s. r. o., were included in the calculation of greenhouse gas emissions. All sources of direct emissions and selected sources of indirect emissions were included in the calculation. All facilities stated in Chapter 1.1 were included in the inventory.

2.2 Reporting boundaries

Figure 1 shows the composition of the carbon footprint of Delta Electronics, s. r. o. and the activities that contribute to greenhouse gas emissions. Emissions are divided into six Categories in accordance with the technical standard STN EN ISO 14064-1: 2019. For this GHG inventory, 2 categories were fully included: direct GHG emissions and removals (Category 1) and indirect GHG emissions from imported energy (Category 2). Indirect GHG emissions from transportation (Category 3) and indirect emissions related to the products and services used by the company (Category 4) were mostly included. Other categories of indirect emissions were not included.

Figure 1: Composition of the carbon footprint of Delta Electronics, s. r. o.



2.1 Greenhouse gases

Emissions of the following greenhouse gases **were included** in the inventory:

- carbon dioxide (CO₂)
- methane (CH₄)
- nitrous oxide (N₂O)
- hydrofluorocarbons (HFC)

Emissions of the following greenhouse gases were not included (including justification):

- perfluorocarbons (PFC) minimal amount
- sulphur hexafluoride (SF₆) is not relevant to the technologies used
- nitrogen trifluoride (NF₃) is not relevant to the technologies used

2.2 Year of calculation

This report on greenhouse gas emissions of Delta Electronics, s. r. o. was prepared for the calendar **year 2023**, i.e., from 1^{st} January to 31^{st} December. This is the eighth calculation of the carbon footprint since the base year.

3 Information on emissions and removal of greenhouse gases

3.1 Methodology of Inventory

The calculation of greenhouse gas emissions was performed in accordance with the technical standard STN EN ISO 14064-1 and the international standard GHG Protocol (GHGP). If necessary, the input activity data was converted to the required unit and order. The calculation was performed separately for all produced emissions of individual relevant greenhouse gases (see Chapter 2.1). Subsequently, these emissions were converted according to their global warming potential (GWP) to so-called equivalent carbon dioxide (CO_2e) emissions. This parameter represents the resulting unit of the company's carbon footprint. The calculation is indicated in the following formulas:

$$AD_{ix} \times EF_{ix} = CF_{ix}$$

$$\sum_{x} (CF_{ix} \times GWP_{x}) = CF_{i} [CO_{2}e]$$

- AD_{ix} activity data for the item i and greenhouse gas x
- EF_{ix} emission factor for an item i and greenhouse gas x
- CF_{ix} carbon footprint (greenhouse gas emissions) for the item i and greenhouse gas x
- GWP_x contribution to climate change of greenhouse gas x
- CF_i carbon footprint for the item i expressed in carbon dioxide equivalent (CO₂e)

Table 2: Global warming potential (GWP) for selected greenhouse gases

Greenhouse gas	GWP	Reference
CO ₂ (carbon dioxide)	1	IPCC Sixth Assessment Report (AR6 – 100 years)
CH ₄ (methane)	27.9	IPCC Sixth Assessment Report (AR6 – 100 years)
N ₂ O (nitrous oxide)	273	IPCC Sixth Assessment Report (AR6 – 100 years)
HFC (hydrofluorocarbons)	100 - 14,800	IPCC Sixth Assessment Report (AR6 – 100 years)
PFC (perfluorocarbons)	6,000 - 17,200	IPCC Sixth Assessment Report (AR6 – 100 years)
NF ₃ (nitrogen trifluoride)	16,100	IPCC Sixth Assessment Report (AR6 – 100 years)
SF ₆ (sulphur hexafluoride)	23,500	IPCC Sixth Assessment Report (AR6 – 100 years)

The sources of emission factors used are listed in Chapter 3.5. The calculation was performed in the MS Excel environment and verified in the internal calculation tool of the company CI3, s. r. o., which is used for the inventory of companies' greenhouse gases. This tool allows you to perform a standardized and fully comparable calculation in the coming years.

3.1.1 Changes in calculation methodology

None.

3.2 Direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals (Category 1)

The source of direct emissions was the **consumption of natural gas** in gas boilers for heating individual buildings of the Delta Electronics, s. r. o. company, which it owns. The total number was **2,204.27 MWh** in Dubnica and **56.69 MWh** in Bratislava.

Further, consumption of **diesel** was **23,563.00 l** in Dubnica and **1,956.00 l** in Bratislava, consumption of **gasoline** was **1,787.00 l** in Dubnica and **1,635.30 l** in Bratislava.

Table 3: Emissions in Category 1

Item	Consumption	Unit	Emissions [t CO ₂ e]
Natural gas - Dubnica	2,204.27	MWh	447.38
Natural gas - Bratislava	56.69	MWh	11.51
Diesel - Dubnica	23,563.00	I	63.05
Diesel - Bratislava	1,956.00	I	5.23
Gasoline - Dubnica	1,787.00	I	4.13
Gasoline - Bratislava	1,635.30	I	3.78
Refrigerants - hydrofluorocarbons (HFC)	0.00	kg	0.00
Total			535.08

3.3 Indirect emissions

3.3.1 Indirect emissions from energy consumption (Category 2)

The main source of indirect emissions from the energy consumed is the **electricity** consumed by Delta Electronics, s. r. o. in Dubnica nad Váhom and Bratislava. It is used to ensure operation and production. The total electricity consumption (net) from the supplier Slovenské elektrárne - energetické služby, s. r. o. in 2023 was **4,579.94 MWh** in Dubnica and **5.86 MWh** in Bratislava.

Delta Electronics (Slovakia), s. r. o. bought "green electricity" from renewable sources in the amount of **4,585.80 MWh**. The market-based emission factor for green electricity is zero.

From 2016, in terms of the method used to determine the carbon footprint of the institution / company (GHG Protocol), it is recommended to use the so-called double reporting of electricity consumption. The first method, called the **location-based** method, means using the national or local energy mix of electricity generation and its corresponding emission factor to convert electricity consumption to the corresponding greenhouse gas emissions. The second method, called the **market-based** method, is based on a company's contracts with an electricity supplier. If this supplier can prove the origin of the electricity sold, i.e., the emissions of the sources from which the electricity supplied by him is produced, it is possible to use the emission factor of these sources. The origin of this electricity must be documented by so-called "contractual instruments that meet minimum quality criteria". In Europe, the only way to prove the origin of electricity is the "Guarantee of Origin" mechanism. If electricity whose origin is not proven by guarantees of origin is used, "market-based emissions" are calculated on the basis of greenhouse gas emissions related to the **residual mix**.

Table 4: Total energy consumption for Categories 1 and 2

Type of energy/fuel	Consumption from renewable sources [MWh]	Consumption from non- renewable sources [MWh]	Total consumption [MWh]
Electricity Dubnica	4,648.94	0.00	4,648.94
Electricity Bratislava	5.86	0.00	5.86
Natural gas - Dubnica	0.00	2,204.27	2,204.27
Natural gas - Bratislava	0.00	56.69	56.69
Diesel - Dubnica	0.00	236.90	236.90
Diesel - Bratislava	0.00	19.67	19.67
Gasoline - Dubnica	0.00	16.33	16.33
Gasoline - Bratislava	0.00	14.94	14.94
Total	4,654.80	2,548.80	7,203.60

Table 4 shows the total energy consumption of Delta Electronics, s. r. o. in 2023. It includes the consumption of natural gas, electricity, and fuels. Total energy consumption is one of the indicators reported in the CDP reporting (Carbon Disclosure Project).

Indirect emissions from electricity and natural gas, including losses from their production and distribution, were also included in Category 2 according to the methodology of the international standard GHG Protocol.

Table 5: Emissions in Category 2

Item	Consumption	Unit	Emissions [t CO ₂ e]
Electricity Dubnica (market-based) ¹⁾	4,579.94	MWh	0.00
Electricity Dubnica (location-based)1)	4,579.94	MWh	674.85
Electricity Bratislava (residual mix) ¹⁾	5.86	MWh	0.00
Electricity Bratislava (location-based)1)	5.86	MWh	0.86
Electricity from own PV plant - own	69.01	MWh	0.00
consumption			
Electricity (WTT and losses) - Dubnica	4,579.94	MWh	233.07
Electricity (WTT and losses) - Bratislava	5.86	MWh	0.30
Electricity PV (losses) - Dubnica	69.01	MWh	2.83
Natural gas (WTT and losses) - Dubnica	2,204.27	MWh	82.53
Natural gas (WTT and losses) - Bratislava	56.69	MWh	2.12
Total			320.85

¹⁾ Emissions from electricity based on the market-based method in Dubnica nad Váhom and Bratislava were included in the calculation of the carbon footprint.

3.3.2 Indirect emissions related to transport (Category 3)

Category 3 includes **business trips** (by air), **upstream** and **downstream transport** made in 2023. The calculation also includes **indirect emissions from fuels** by type of transport for business trips, upstream and downstream transport. Category 3 **also includes purchased cars and handling equipment**, **home office work** and **accommodation during a business trips**.

Table 6: Emissions in Category 3

Item	Consumption	Unit	Emissions [t CO ₂ e]
Diesel – WTT - Dubnica	23,563.00	I	15.34
Diesel – WTT - Bratislava	1,956.00	I	1.27
Gasoline - WTT - Dubnica	1,787.00	I	1.14
Gasoline – WTT - Bratislava	1,635.30	I	1.05
Business trips by air - long distance flights	830,449.86	pkm	146.02
Business trips by air – long distance flights - WTT	830,449.86	pkm	17.95
Business trips by air – to 3,700 km	63,877.74	pkm	11.23
Business trips by air – to 3,700 km - WTT	63,877.74	pkm	1.38
Upstream transport – air – long distance flights	2,915,230.20	tkm	3,204.41
Upstream transport – air – long distance flights - WTT	2,915,230.20	tkm	394.02
Upstream transport – air – to 3,700 km	13,015.77	tkm	14.31
Upstream transport – air – to 3,700 km - WTT	13,015.77	tkm	1.76
Upstream transport – road	1,335,616.45	tkm	129.56
Upstream transport – road - WTT	1,335,616.45	tkm	31.33
Upstream transport – shipping	14,852,718.09	tkm	239.49
Upstream transport – shipping - WTT	14,852,718.09	tkm	54.28
Downstream transport – air – long distance flights	147,077.88	tkm	161.67
Downstream transport – air – long distance flights - WTT	147,077.88	tkm	19.88
Downstream transport – air – to 3,700 km	18,271.37	tkm	20.08
Downstream transport – air – to 3,700 km - WTT	18,271.37	tkm	2.47
Downstream transport - road	1,457,610.61	tkm	141.39
Downstream transport - road - WTT	1,457,610.61	tkm	34.20
Downstream transport – shipping	2,103,380.54	tkm	33.92
Downstream transport – shipping - WTT	2,103,380.54	tkm	7.69

Shipments from the company paid by the recipient - air - long distance flights	392,907.30	tkm	431.88
Shipments from the company paid by the recipient - air – long distance flights - WTT	392,907.30	tkm	53.11
Shipments from the company paid by the recipient - air - to 3,700 km	22,316.29	tkm	24.53
Shipments from the company paid by the recipient - air - to 3,700 km - WTT	22,316.29	tkm	3.02
Shipments from the company paid by the recipient - road	9,594,169.97	tkm	930.66
Shipments from the company paid by the recipient – road - WTT	9,594,169.97	tkm	225.08
Shipments from the company paid by the recipient - shipping	4,565,972.76	tkm	73.62
Shipments from the company paid by the recipient – shipping - WTT	4,565,972.76	tkm	16.69
Purchased cars	3	piece	23.10
Electric forklifts	3	piece	61.80
Electric forklifts Electric hand forklifts	1	piece	10.30
Home office	3,752		0.93
Home office – WTT		day	
	3,752	day	032
Accommodation during a business trip – Armenia	4	night	0.10
Accommodation during a business trip – Austria	11	night	0.15
Accommodation during a business trip – China	178	night	9.52
Accommodation during a business trip – Czech Republic	75	night	2.72
Accommodation during a business trip – Croatia	4	night	0.06
Accommodation during a business trip – Finland	3	night	0.04
Accommodation during a business trip – France	2	night	0.01
Accommodation during a business trip – Uganda	5	night	0.22
Accommodation during a business trip – Kenya	15	night	0.66
Accommodation during a business trip – Hungary	20	night	0.38
Accommodation during a business trip – Germany	116	night	1.53
Accommodation during a business trip – Netherlands	63	night	0.93
Accommodation during a business trip – Norway	37	night	0.24
Accommodation during a business trip – Poland	18	night	0.60
Accommodation during a business trip – Romania	2	night	0.05
Accommodation during a business trip – United Arab Emirates	5	night	0.32
Accommodation during a business trip - Slovakia	59	night	1.13
Accommodation during a business trip - Sweden	8	night	0.09
Accommodation during a business trip - Switzerland	4	night	0.03
Accommodation during a business trip – Great Britain	33	night	0.34

Accommodation during a business trip –	12	night	0.62
South African Republic			
Accommodation during a business trip -	43	night	3.32
Taiwan			
Accommodation during a business trip -	55	night	2.39
Thailand			
Total			6,566.31

3.3.3 Indirect emissions related to the products and services used by the company (Category 4)

Category 4 includes tap water, purchased materials and products, capital goods and solid and liquid wastes.

Table 7: Emissions in Category 4

Item	Consumption	Unit	Emissions [t CO ₂ e]
Aluminium	513.00	t	4,530.87
Copper	218.50	t	1,269.35
Steel	1.75	t	3.34
Iron	2,213.00	t	4,226.83
Tin	8.06	t	81.89
Paper/cardboard	112.98	t	90.56
Case, insulator, socket	16.30	t	30.29
Organic solvents	4.35	t	8.64
Filling materials - PE form, EPE, Polyform	21.19	t	40.21
Wood	198.47	t	62.04
Printed circuits	43.60	t	3,191.52
Electrical components	214.00	t	84.54
Batteries	19.50	t	127.95
Tap water	4,042.00	m ³	0.003
Wastewater	4,042.00	m ³	2.30
Solid waste	788.45	t	114.65
Hazardous waste	11.66	t	0.25
Capital goods	8,375,826.47	EUR	3,995.51
Total			17,860.73

3.3.4 Indirect emissions related to the use of the company's products (Category 5)

Emission sources in Category 5 were not included due to the boundary of the analysis (see Chapter 2)

3.3.5 Indirect emissions from other sources (Category 6

Emission sources in Category 6 were not included due to the boundary of the analysis (see Chapter 2).

3.4 Inclusion of biogenic emissions and CO₂ removal

Currently not relevant for the calculation.

3.5 Emission factors, their sources and validity

Emission factors were taken or calculated from the following documents and sources – Slovak National Inventory Reports NIR, Czech National Inventory Reports – NIR, SPP – distribúcia, a. s., Slovenské elektrárne - energetické služby, s. r. o., UK Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting, Association of Issuing Bodies, Ecoinvent, ADAME Base Carbone, Volkswagen, Worldsteel Association, and Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change - IPCC. In the event, that a specific emission factor was not available, it was estimated based on the experience of CI3 employees.

Monetary emission factors from the ADAME Base Carbone adapted for Slovakia were newly used.

The uncertainty of emission factors in Categories 1 and 2 ranges from 1.0 to 4.5%. For items in Categories 3 and 4, it can reach up to 50% due to the merging of different items into one group.

4 EVALUATIONS OF EMISSIONS AND REMOVAL OF GREENHOUSE GASES

4.1 Base year

The base year for determining the greenhouse gases emissions of Delta Electronics, s. r. o. is 2016.

4.1.1 Recalculation and changes of the base year

No recalculation was performed in the monitored period.

4.2 Other significant changes in emissions and recalculation outside the base year Is not relevant.

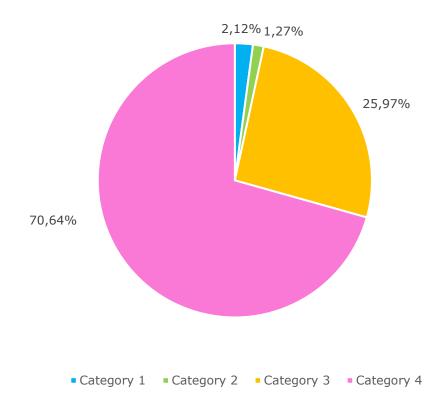
4.3 Comparison and development of greenhouse gases emissions

4.3.1 Result of the greenhouse gases inventory for 2023

Table 8: Carbon footprint of Delta Electronics, s. r. o.

Category	Emissions [t CO ₂ e]
Category 1 (direct emissions and sinks of greenhouse gases)	535.08
Category 2 (indirect emissions from energy consumption) – market-based	320.85
Category 3 (indirect emissions related to transport)	6,566.31
Category 4 (indirect emissions related to the products and services used by the company)	17,860.73
Category 5 (indirect emissions related to the use of the company's products)	_
Category 6 (indirect emissions from other sources)	_
Total	25,282.97

Figure 2: Carbon footprint of Delta Electronics, s. r. o.



Carbon footprint of company Delta Electronics (Slovakia), s. r. o. The inventory of greenhouse gases, 2023 data

Table 9: Greenhouse gas emissions of Delta Electronics, s. r. o.

Greenhouse gas	Emissions [t]	Emissions [t CO ₂ e]
CO ₂ (carbon dioxide)	25,135.14	25,135.14
CH ₄ (methane)	3.68	102.80
N ₂ O (nitrous oxide)	0.16	45.03
HFC (hydrofluorocarbons)	0.00	0.00
Total CO ₂ e (equivalent CO ₂)		25,282.97

In table 10 and the following graph show the items sorted according to their effect on the total carbon footprint of Delta Electronics, s. r. o. For greater clarity, the individual items from Chapters 3.2 and 3.3 were grouped into larger logical units. Potential indirect emissions from fuels and energy, including losses from their production and distribution, were added to the relevant items across the Categories. Their separate values are given in chapters 3.2 and 3.3.

Carbon footprint of company Delta Electronics (Slovakia), s. r. o. The inventory of greenhouse gases, 2023 data

Table 10: Share of individual items of the carbon footprint of Delta Electronics, s. r. o.

Item	Emissions [t CO ₂ e]	Share [%]
Purchased materials and products	13,748.03	54.38
Upstream transport + WTT	4,069.16	16.09
Capital goods	3,995.51	15.80
Downstream transport + WTT	2,179.87	8.62
Natural gas + WTT and losses	543.54	2.15
Electricity + WTT and losses	236.20	0.93
Business trips + WTT	202.04	0.80
Wastes	117.19	0.46
Purchased cars and handling eq.	95.20	0.38
Fuels + WTT	95.00	0.38
Home office + WTT	1.25	0.00
Total	25,282.97	100.00

Page 13 http://www.ci3.co.cz

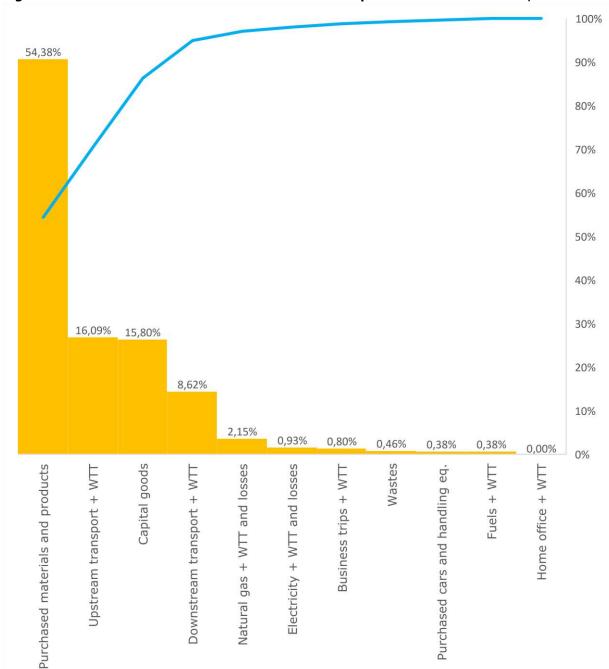


Figure 3: Share of individual items of the carbon footprint of Delta Electronics, s. r. o.

4.3.2 Development of greenhouse gases emissions

Table 11: Comparison of the carbon footprint of Delta Electronics, s. r. o. between 2016 and 2023 in Scopes

Scope	Emissions 2016 [t CO ₂ e]	Emissions 2023 [t CO ₂ e]	2023 vs. 2016
Scope 1	509.87	535,08	+4.95%
Scope 2	636.61	0.00	-100.00%
Scope 3	8,428.14	24,432.29	+189.89%
	9,574.62	25,282.97	+164.06%

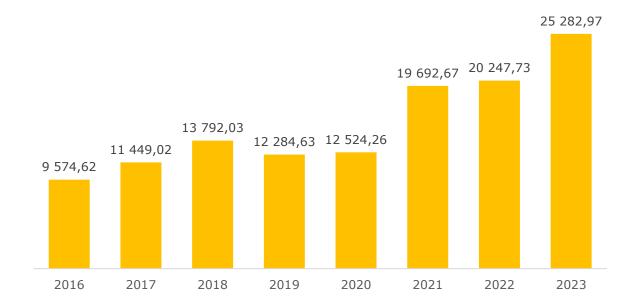
Table 12: Development of the carbon footprint of Delta Electronics, s. r. o. in the period from 2016 to 2023

Category	Scope	Emissions 2016 [t CO ₂ e]	Emissions 2017 [t CO ₂ e]	Emissions 2018 [t CO ₂ e]
Category 1	Scope 1	509.87	504.88	474.24
Category 2	Scope 2	636.61	678.71	539.64
Category 3				
Category 4	Scope 2	0 420 14	10.265.44	12 770 14
Category 5	Scope 3	8,428.14	10,203.44	12,778.14
Category 6				
Total		9,574.62	11,449.02	13,792.03

Category	Scope	Emissions 2019 [t CO ₂ e]	Emissions 2020 [t CO ₂ e]	Emissions 2021 [t CO ₂ e]
Category 1	Scope 1	498.61	448.56	510.55
Category 2	Scope 2	418.27	601.01	535.91
Category 3	Scope 3	11,367.76	948.59	3,819.05
Category 4			10,526.10	14,827.17
Category 5			_	_
Category 6			_	_
Total		12,284.63	12,524.26	19,692.67

Category	Scope	Emissions 2022 [t CO ₂ e]	Emissions 2023 [t CO ₂ e]
Category 1	Scope 1	463.90	535.08
Category 2	Scope 2	629.23	320.85
Category 3	Caana 3	2,807.91	6,566.31
Category 4		16,346.69	17,860.73
Category 5	Scope 3	_	_
Category 6		_	_
Total		20,247.73	25,282.97

Figure 4: Comparison of the carbon footprint of Delta Electronics, s. r. o.



Page 16 http://www.ci3.co.cz

4.4 Intensity of greenhouse gases emissions

Table 13: Internal ratio indicators of the carbon footprint of Delta Electronics, s. r. o. and their comparison between 2016 and 2023

Indicator	2016	2023	2023 vs. 2016
Total CF per employee (FTE) [t CO₂e/FTE]	16.65	35.51	+113.25%
S1+S2 / K1+K2 per employee (FTE) [t CO ₂ e/FTE]	1.99	1.71	-14.34%
Total CF per revenue [t CO ₂ e/ths. euro]	0.139	0.147	+5.43%
S1+S2 / K1+K2 per revenue [t CO ₂ e/ths. euro]	0.017	0.005	-70.19%

4.5 Recommendations and further steps

Recommendations in terms of quality and complexity of carbon footprint calculation

See relevant documents:

- GHG Politika posledná aktualizácia 10.01.2023
- GHG Ciele pre rok 2024
- OS 39 Riadenie GHG posledná aktualizácia 04.04.2023

For future GHG inventories, we again recommend automating the collection of background data more. These are mainly business trips, upstream and downstream transport.

For 3-5 of the most important items in terms of indirect footprint (the main raw materials purchased), the company should request from its suppliers an Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) or other document on emission factors. If they do not get it, then it must be given as a proposal for improvement by next year.

We recommend identifying the persons responsible for data collection and their accuracy.

For Category 3, we also recommend:

Extend the calculation with ways to work.

For Category 5, we also recommend:

Extend the calculation with investments.

Recommendations in terms of reducing the carbon footprint

Recommendations for Category 1:

• Implement energy saving measures to reduce natural gas and fuels consumption.

Recommendations for Category 2:

• Continue to prefer low-emission electricity, or switch to a supplier who offers emission-free electricity (so-called "green electricity").

Recommendations for Category 3:

• Prefer public transport or online meetings for business and work trips.

Recommendations in terms of carbon footprint management and emission reduction

In accordance with the requirements of the GHG Protocol, we recommend developing a policy or plan to reduce the company's greenhouse gas emissions. It is based on inventories for the period 2016 to 2023 and sets out specific measures, responsible persons, and implementation dates. The plan should include a target value for reducing the carbon footprint by a certain year and should be adopted by the company's management.

The plan should include individual measures to reduce the carbon footprint, quantifying their financial intensity, time horizon and impact on the overall carbon footprint.

Another option for reducing the carbon footprint is to offset part of the emissions (e.g., business trips) through an offset program.

Carbon footprint of company Delta Electronics (Slovakia), s. r. o. The inventory of greenhouse gases, 2023 data

5 FINANCIAL AND CONTRACTUAL INSTRUMENTS

Is not relevant.

Page 18 http://www.ci3.co.cz

6 ATTACHMENTS

6.1 List of abbreviations used

CDP Carbon Disclosure Project
STN Slovak technical standard
FTE Full Time Equivalent
GHG Greenhouse gas

GHGP Greenhouse Gas Protocol GWP Global Warming Potential HFC Hydrofluorocarbon

ISO International Organization for Standardization

NIR National Inventory Report

PFC Perfluorocarbons
CF Carbon footprint
WTT Well-to-Tank

6.2 WE MONITORE CO₂

The program WE MONITORE CO_2 is a **voluntary instrument for environmental protection**, based on the objectives of international and national agreements in the field of climate protection. The aim of the program is to motivate and support companies to **reduce the amount of greenhouse gases**, present the results of the program and mediate the implementation of public benefit offset projects. This is the only program of its kind in the Czech Republic.

The program is sponsored by the Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of Industry and Trade of the Czech Republic. The guarantor and administrator of the program is the non-profit organization CI2, o. p. s.

The voluntary program WE MONITORE CO₂ enables entities to monitor and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. After fulfilling the basic conditions defined in the Program Rules, the participating entity will receive a certificate and will be awarded the mark of the appropriate level of involvement for a period of one year.